1		STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE
2		PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
3		
4	December 17,	2018 - 10:07 a.m. Hampshire NHPUC 28DEC'18pm2:31
5	Concord, New	Hampshire Natural 2005 C 10772-01
6		
7	RE:	DE 17-136 ELECTRIC AND GAS UTILITIES:
8		2018-2020 New Hampshire Statewide Energy Efficiency Plan.
9		
10	PRESENT:	Chairman Martin P. Honigberg, Presiding
11		Commissioner Kathryn M. Bailey Commissioner Michael S. Giaimo
12		Sandy Deno, Clerk
13		
14	APPEARANCES:	Reptg. Public Service of New Hampshire
15		<pre>d/b/a Eversource Energy: Matthew J. Fossum, Esq.</pre>
16		Reptg. Unitil Energy Systems, Inc. and
17		Northern Utilities, Inc.: Patrick H. Taylor, Esq.
18		Reptg. Liberty Utilities (Granite State
19		Electric) Corp. and Liberty Utilities (EnergyNorth Natural Gas) Corp.:
20		Michael J. Sheehan, Esq.
21		Reptg. New Hampshire Electric Cooperative:
22		Mark W. Dean, Esq.
23	Court Repor	ter: Steven E. Patnaude, LCR No. 52
24		

1		
2	APPEARANCES:	(continued)
3		Reptg. Conservation Law Foundation: Melissa Birchard, Esq.
4		Reptg. The Way Home:
5		Raymond Burke, Esq. New Hampshire Legal Assistance
6 7		Reptg. N.H. Sustainable Energy Assn. d/b/a Clean Energy New Hampshire:
8		Madeleine Mineau, Executive Director
9		Reptg. Acadia Center: Ellen Hawes, Senior Policy Analyst
10		Reptg. N.H. Dept. of Environmental Services:
11		Rebecca Ohler
12		Reptg. Residential Ratepayers: D. Maurice Kreis, Esq., Consumer Adv.
13		Brian D. Buckley, Esq. Jeffrey Loiter, Optimal Energy, Inc.
14		Office of Consumer Advocate
15		Reptg. PUC Staff: Paul B. Dexter, Esq.
16		Leszek Stachow, Asst. Dir./Electric James Cunningham, Jr., Electric Div.
17		Jay Dudley, Electric Division Elizabeth Nixon, Sustainable Energy
18		zirzascen ninen, sascarnasie znergi
19		
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22		
23		
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1	
2	INDEX
3	PAGE NO.
4	WITNESS PANEL: KATE PETERS CINDY CARROLL
5	JEFFREY LOITER LESZEK STACHOW
6	DESZER STRENOW
7	Direct examination by Mr. Fossum 10, 14 Direct examination by Mr. Buckley 11, 38
8	Direct examination by Mr. Dexter 12, 52 Interrogatories by Cmsr. Bailey 61, 75, 77
9	Interrogatories by Cmsr. Giaimo 72, 76, 87 Interrogatories by Chairman Honigberg 92
10	Follow-up questions by Mr. Fossum 97 Redirect examination by Mr. Fossum 99
11	Redirect examination by Mr. Buckley 103 Redirect examination by Mr. Dexter 107
12	Recross-examination by Mr. Burke 110
13	
14	WITNESS: THOMAS PALMA
15	Direct examination by Mr. Taylor 112
16	Direct examination by Mr. Taylor 112 Interrogatories by Cmsr. Giaimo 113, 120 Interrogatories by Cmsr. Bailey 116
17	Intellogatories by emst. Barrey
18	WITNESS PANEL: ELLEN HAWES
19	MADELEINE MINEAU ELIZABETH R. NIXON
20	JAMES J. CUNNINGHAM, JR.
21	Direct examination by Mr. Dexter 123
22	
23	
24	

1	
2	I N D E X (continued)
3	PAGE NO.
4	WITNESS PANEL: CHRISTOPHER J. GOULDING
5	KAREN M. ASBURY HEATHER M. TEBBETTS
6	CAROL M. WOODS
7	Direct examination by Mr. Fossum 126
8	Direct examination by Mr. Sheehan 132 Interrogatories by Cmsr. Bailey 133
9	Redirect examination by Mr. Fossum 137
10	
11	* * *
12	
13	CLOSING STATEMENTS BY: PAGE NO.
14	Mr. Burke 138 Ms. Ohler 140
15	Ms. Mineau 143
16	Ms. Hawes 144 Ms. Birchard 144
17	Mr. Kreis 146 Mr. Dexter 155
18	Mr. Fossum 156 Mr. Taylor 159
19	Mr. Sheehan 159 Mr. Dean 159
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	

1			
2		EXHIBITS	
3	EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION	PAGE NO.
4	10	2019 New Hampshire Statewide Energy Efficiency Plan -	premarked
5		2019 Update (09-14-18)	
6	11	Direct Testimony of Roger D. Colton, with attachments	premarked
7	1.0		7 7
8	12	Direct Testimony of Jeffrey Loiter, with attachments	premarked
9	13	Direct Testimony of James J. Cunningham, Jr., with	premarked
10		attachments	
11	14	Direct Testimony of Elizabeth R. Nixon, with	premarked
12		attachments	
13	15	Direct Testimony of Leszek Stachow, with attachments	premarked
14	1.6	·	, ,
15	16	Testimony of Madeleine Mineau	premarked
16	17	Direct Testimony of Ellen Hawes, with attachments	premarked
17			
18	18	Settlement Agreement, including cover letter,	premarked
19		Agreement, and attachments	
20	19	Revised attachments of SBC calculation, consisting of	premarked
21		Attachments E3, F3, G3 & H3	
2.2	20	Revised Statewide Attachments and Cost Effectiveness	premarked
23		Attachments B, C, D, E1, F1, G1, H1, I1 & J1	
24			

PROCEEDING 1 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Good morning, 2 3 everyone. We are here today in Docket 17-136, which is the EERS docket. We're here to talk 4 about the Plan Update for year one of the 6 3-Year Plan, for year two, the first Plan 7 Update. 8 We talked about the terminology before we came down here and I still messed it 9 10 up. 11 Before we do anything else, let's 12 take appearances. 13 MR. FOSSUM: Good morning, 14 Commissioners. Matthew Fossum, here for Public 15 Service Company of New Hampshire doing business 16 as Eversource Energy. 17 MR. TAYLOR: Good morning, 18 Commissioners. Patrick Taylor, on behalf of 19 Unitil Energy Systems and Northern Utilities, 20 Inc. With me today are Cindy Carroll, Karen 21 Asbury, Tom Palma, and Mary Downs. 22 MR. SHEEHAN: Good morning, 23 Commissioners. Mike Sheehan, for Liberty

Utilities (Granite State Electric) and Liberty

24

1	Utilities (EnergyNorth Natural Gas).
2	MR. DEAN: Good morning. Mark Dean,
3	on behalf of New Hampshire Electric
4	Cooperative.
5	MR. BURKE: Good morning,
6	Commissioners. Raymond Burke, from New
7	Hampshire Legal Assistance, representing The
8	Way Home.
9	MS. OHLER: Good morning,
10	Commissioners. Rebecca Ohler, on behalf of the
11	New Hampshire Department of Environmental
12	Services.
13	MS. MINEAU: Good morning. Madeleine
14	Mineau, for NHSEA, doing business as Clean
15	Energy New Hampshire.
16	MS. HAWES: Good morning. Ellen
17	Hawes, for Acadia Center.
18	MS. BIRCHARD: And good morning.
19	Melissa Birchard, for Conservation Law
20	Foundation.
21	MR. KREIS: Good morning. D. Maurice
22	Kreis, doing business as Don Kreis. I am the
23	Consumer Advocate here on behalf of the always
24	underappreciated residential ratepayers of all

1	of the utilities that are gathered here today.
2	With me today is the OCA's A team,
3	our consultant and witness, Jeffrey Loiter, and
4	to his left is Brian Buckley, our Staff
5	Attorney.
6	MR. DEXTER: Good morning. Paul
7	Dexter, on behalf of the Commission Staff.
8	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. Mr.
9	Dexter, how are we going to proceed this
10	morning?
11	MR. DEXTER: I think I'm going to
12	turn it over to Attorney Fossum, and let him
13	take it from there.
14	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Fossum.
15	MR. FOSSUM: Thank you. Just
16	basically as one preliminary matter, we had
17	wanted to go down a list of exhibits that we
18	have agreed to be premarked for identification.
19	And then after that we were going to move onto
20	testimony.
21	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. I
22	have a list of premarked exhibits in front of
23	me. Is that the list we are talking about?
24	MR. FOSSUM: I believe so. That

1	certainly looks like it.
2	If it needs to be, I can read that
3	into the record, or we can rely on the numbers
4	that are in front of you.
5	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. We
6	don't need to read it into the record.
7	(The documents, as noted in the
8	Pre-Marked Exhibit List for
9	Hearing, were premarked as
10	Exhibits 10 through 20 for
11	identification.)
12	MR. FOSSUM: So be it. Then,
13	initially, we have a panel to go up and discuss
14	the Plan that has been filed, as well as the
15	Settlement Agreement that's before you for this
16	morning.
17	And I don't have anything else,
18	unless anybody else does.
19	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
20	Then, if there are no preliminary matters, then
21	the panel witnesses should take their places.
22	Mr. Patnaude, would you swear the
23	witnesses in please.
24	(Whereupon Kate Peters ,

```
1
                         Cindy Carroll, Jeffrey Loiter,
                         and Leszek Stachow were duly
 2
 3
                         sworn by the Court Reporter.)
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Fossum.
 4
 5
                   MR. FOSSUM: Thank you. I guess I'll
 6
         just -- I will initially just qualify our
 7
         witnesses, allow the others to qualify theirs,
         and then we'll proceed with the examination.
 8
                      KATE PETERS, SWORN
 9
10
                     CINDY CARROLL, SWORN
                    JEFFREY LOITER, SWORN
11
12
                    LESZEK STACHOW, SWORN
                      DIRECT EXAMINATION
13
14
    BY MR. FOSSUM:
15
         So, I'll start with Ms. Peters. Could you
16
         please state your name, your place of
17
         employment, and your responsibilities for the
18
         record.
19
         (Peters) Good morning. I'm Kate Peters. I
    Α
20
         work for Eversource, where I'm a Supervisor for
21
         Regulatory and Planning for the energy
22
         efficiency programs in New Hampshire.
23
         And, Ms. Carroll, the same questions to you.
24
          (Carroll) Cindy Carroll. I am employed Unitil
    Α
```

```
1
         Service Corp. And I'm Director of Customer
 2
         Energy Solutions.
 3
                   MR. FOSSUM: Thank you.
 4
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Kreis.
 5
                   MR. KREIS: Mr. Buckley has the honor
 6
         of conducting Mr. Loiter's direct exam.
 7
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Oh. As you
         said, the "A team". Mr. Buckley.
 8
9
                   MR. BUCKLEY:
                                  Thank you.
10
    BY MR. BUCKLEY:
         Mr. Loiter, can you please state your name and
11
12
         business address for the record.
13
         (Loiter) My name is Jeffrey Loiter, and I'll
14
         spell that, L-o-i-t-e-r. My business address
         is 10600 Route 116, Suite 3, in Hinesburg,
15
16
         Vermont.
17
         Can you please provide a summary of your
    Q
18
         professional background and education?
19
    Α
         (Loiter) I am a partner at Optimal Energy.
20
         I've been a partner for four years. I've been
21
         employed by Optimal Energy for 12 years.
22
         the area of energy efficiency, I have training
23
         in both technical areas, as well as economics.
24
         And I have been serving as an expert witness in
```

12

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1
         several states and for several entities in
 2
         approaching two dozen dockets over the last six
 3
         years.
 4
         And did you prepare testimony that was filed in
    Q
 5
         this proceeding?
 6
          (Loiter) Yes.
    Α
 7
         And that testimony is marked as "Exhibit 12"?
 8
         (Loiter) Yes.
    Α
         And do you have any corrections to make to that
9
    Q
10
         testimony today?
11
         (Loiter) No.
    Α
12
         And if I were to ask you the same questions
    Q
13
         presented in your testimony, would your answers
14
         remain the same?
15
    Α
         (Loiter) Yes.
16
    Q
         And do you adopt your testimony here today
17
         before the Commission?
18
    Α
         (Loiter) Yes, I do.
19
                    MR. BUCKLEY:
                                  Thank you.
20
                    CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Dexter.
21
                    MR. DEXTER: Yes.
22
    BY MR. DEXTER:
23
         Would the last witness on the panel please
24
         identify himself for the record.
```

```
[WITNESSES: Peters|Carroll|Loiter|Stachow]
 1
    Α
          (Stachow) My name is Leszek Stachow. I'm an
         Analyst with the Public Utilities Commission of
 2
 3
         the Electrical Division.
         Mr. Stachow, did you prepare prefiled testimony
 4
    Q
 5
         in this proceeding?
 6
          (Stachow) I did.
    Α
 7
         Do you have that before you?
 8
         (Stachow) I do.
    Α
         And for the record, that's been marked as
9
    Q
          "Exhibit 15" in this case, is that right?
10
11
         (Stachow) Correct.
12
         Do you have any corrections or changes that you
    Q
13
         would like to make to the testimony at this
14
         time?
15
    Α
         (Stachow) None.
16
    Q
         And if I were to ask you the questions
17
         contained in your prefiled testimony, would
18
         your answers be the same as those contained
         therein?
19
20
         (Stachow) Correct.
21
         And you adopt those answers as -- do you adopt
22
         those answers as your sworn testimony in this
23
         proceeding?
```

(Stachow) I do.

24

Α

```
1
    Q
         And, Mr. Stachow, were you involved in the
 2
         proceeding and the settlement talks that led up
 3
         to the Settlement that will be presented
 4
         shortly?
 5
         (Stachow) I am pleased to say I was.
 6
         And are you in a position to respond to
    Q
 7
         questions that may come from the Bench about
         the EE -- I'm sorry, the energy efficiency
 8
9
         programs?
10
         (Stachow) To the best of my ability.
    Α
11
         And are you prepared to answer questions about
    Q
12
         the Settlement that was reached?
13
         (Stachow) Once again, to the best of my
14
         ability.
15
                    MR. DEXTER: Thank you. That's all I
16
         have.
17
                    CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Who's going to
18
         walk us through the Settlement or the Plan and
19
         the Settlement? Is that you, Mr. Fossum?
20
                    MR. FOSSUM: I believe so, yes.
21
    BY MR. FOSSUM:
22
         But backing up just a hair, Ms. Peters and
23
         Ms. Carroll, did you both participate in the
24
         formulation and drafting of the 2019 Update
```

```
1
         Plan that was filed back on September 14th in
 2
         this proceeding?
 3
    Α
          (Peters) Yes, I did.
 4
    Α
          (Carroll) Yes.
 5
    Q
         And that is the Plan that's been premarked for
 6
         identification as "Exhibit 10", is that
 7
         correct?
 8
          (Peters) Yes.
    Α
9
    Α
          (Carroll) Yes.
10
         And you're both familiar with its terms and
    Q
11
         you're familiar with the programs that are
12
         described in that Plan?
13
          (Peters) Yes.
14
          (Carroll) Yes.
15
         And you're prepared to discuss those programs,
    Q
16
         the Plan, and the information therein this
17
         morning?
18
    Α
          (Peters) Yes.
19
          (Carroll) Yes.
    Α
20
         And similarly, did you also both participate in
21
         the negotiations leading to the Settlement
22
         Agreement that is being presented this morning?
23
          (Peters) Yes.
    Α
24
          (Carroll) Yes.
    Α
```

```
1
    Q
         And that's the -- the Settlement Agreement has
 2
         been premarked for identification as "Exhibit
         18", is that correct?
 3
 4
    Α
          (Peters) Yes, it is.
         And you're both familiar with the terms of that
 5
    Q
 6
         Agreement and prepared to speak to that
 7
         Agreement this morning?
 8
          (Peters) Yes.
    Α
9
    Α
          (Carroll) Yes.
10
         And are you also prepared to answer any
    Q
11
         questions that the Commissioners may have with
12
         regards to that Settlement?
13
         (Peters) Yes.
14
          (Carroll) Yes.
15
         With that said, Ms. Peters or Ms. Carroll, as
    Q
16
         may be most appropriate, could you please
17
         describe what is contained in the Settlement
18
         and what the terms of this Agreement are for
19
         the Commissioners.
20
    Α
          (Peters) Yes. I'll start.
21
                    CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Off the record
22
         for a minute.
23
                         [Brief off-the-record discussion
24
                         ensued.]
```

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: We're back on the record.

BY THE WITNESS:

A (Peters) On Page 3 of the Settlement, Section A begins with the 2019 Update Plan as filed. And the 2019 Update serves to continue and to update the 2018 through 2020 Statewide Energy Efficiency Plan that was approved in this docket last year in Order Number 26,095. The 2018 to 2020 Plan sets forth a suite of energy efficiency programs managed by the utilities and known statewide as the "NHSaves Program".

Hampshire's first 3-Year Plan under the Energy Efficiency Resource Standard. The 2019 Update makes adjustments and revisions to the previously approved 3-Year Plan. The base structure of the program offerings remains the same. With a suite of program offerings for the commercial and industrial customers, for municipal customers, and for residential customers, including income eligible customers. Also included are financing offerings, customer education and marketing of the programs.

The 2019 Update is designed to meet the EERS energy savings goals of 1 percent of 2014 delivery sales for electric and 0.75 percent of 2014 delivery sales for natural gas.

As in the 3-Year Plan, funding comes from the System Benefits Charge, from the Regional Greenhouse Gas Emissions funds, from participation in the ISO-New England Forward Capacity Market, and, for the natural gas programs, from the Local Distribution Adjustment Charge.

Seventeen percent of the total budget is directed to the income eligible program, and the remaining funds are split between the commercial and residential sectors based on their respective usage. The Performance Incentive target is 5.5 percent.

Notable program adjustments and additions for the 2019 Update include an e-rebate platform to make rebates for the ENERGY STAR appliances more accessible to customers; an incentive structure for the ENERGY STAR Certified Manufactured Homes; exploration of a distributor point-of-sale approach for

commercial lighting incentives; new on-bill financing offerings for the natural gas companies for both residential and commercial customers; and new or enhanced on-bill financing for electric company commercial customers.

The 2019 Update also includes some updates to the program cost-effectiveness tests, based on the recently completed 2018 New England Avoided Energy Supply Components Study, as well as updates to the Lost Base Revenue calculations. We'll discuss both of these topics further as we go through the Settlement.

The utilities filed the 2019 Update on September 14th, and the Parties have subsequently gone through the process of discovery and settlement discussions. The global Settlement was filed on Thursday, December 13th. And the Settlement contains a number of additional adjustments and items, and we'll now walk through those.

Section B of the Settlement Agreement is related to the 2019 budget levels. When we put together the Update filing, the utilities

estimated that we would be able to achieve the savings with a lower amount of funding than originally estimated in the 3-Year Plan.

Therefore, the 2019 Update as submitted incorporated approximately \$2.25 million less of SBC funding than was found in the original 3-Year Plan for 2019.

To accommodate additional energy efficiency work, the Settling Parties have agreed that the funding for 2019 should be revised to an amount closer to the prior forecast.

When the 3-Year Plan was filed, the SBC rate used to estimate the budgets for 2019 was 0.00373. Applying that rate of 0.00373 to the updated 2019 forecasted delivery sales results in an addition of \$2,253,103 in funding when compared to the September 14th version of the Update.

There's a chart on Page 4 of the

Settlement that outlines that funding and how

it will be utilized. And I'll walk through

that briefly. You can see the second column

from the right, the "Total", the

\$2.253 million. So, the centerpiece is the breakout of that additional funding. Seventeen (17) percent is going to the Home Energy Assistance Program, the income eligible programs.

\$200,000 is going to the education budget.

And this is for additional funds for training
and ramp-up costs for the low-income programs.

Next, 343,765 are going to a demand reduction pilot for large business customers. Eversource and Unitil are committing to performing this demand initiative, which is intended to test the potential for active demand response strategies within the commercial and industrial sector. The utilities and the stakeholders have been reviewing and discussing work on demand reduction in other states in the region, with an intent of identifying options that may work for New Hampshire.

Given the information available currently, the success of demonstrations in other states, and an existing vendor network for Eversource and Unitil, all agreed that a pilot initiative

should move forward in New Hampshire in 2019.

Eversource and Unitil will work with commercial and industrial customers to implement demand response projects prior to and during the Summer of 2019. Eversource and Unitil will be making a filing early in the year, in 2019, with additional detail for the Commission and others related to this pilot.

After the funds for the pilot, any funds -- any additional funds are budgeted to the residential and commercial programs in the same manner as other available funding. So that, on the chart on Page 4, is the "495,668" for commercial programs and the "733,151" for residential programs. The performance incentive is 5.5 percent.

In Section C, in addition to the

17 percent of the budget that is directed
towards the income eligible programs, the

Parties have also discussed testimony of The
Way Home. And we have agreed that, starting in

2018, any underspent funds in the income
eligible program will be carried over from one
program year to the next. Any carryforward of

unexpended funds will be assigned to the income eligible program in the prior year, in addition to the 17 percent or other agreed upon program -- I'm sorry -- agreed upon program budget parameters in that future plan.

Section D of the Settlement is related to the "Lost Base Revenue and Performance Incentive". The Lost Base Revenue Working Group went through a lengthy review and discussion of the LBR calculation during the course of 2018, and resulting from that work is a report which outlines a new calculation for LBR, which includes separate components for kW and kWh. That calculation is specified on Page 7, and additional detail can be found in the Working Group Report. The Parties have also agreed on some additional reporting for transparency described on Page 7.

In addition, the scope of the Large
Business Energy Solutions Program evaluation,
which is planned for 2019, will include an
analysis of customer peak and end-use load
shapes for use in calculating the LBR.

Regarding the Performance Incentive, the

Performance Incentive in the 2019 Update will remain as currently described. The Performance Incentive Working Group will continue its work into 2019, with the goals completing by the end of June. The utilities will consider for inclusion in the 2020 Plan Update the results of that Working Group, which will include a metric related to peak demand reduction.

Section E is Eversource's Customer

Engagement Platform. Eversource will continue

to track its marketing efforts related to the

Customer Engagement Platform, and will provide

updates of its marketing campaigns at quarterly

meetings as appropriate.

In 2019, Eversource will track Customer Engagement Platform new users by month, with a goal of increasing the number of new users by 50 percent over 2018 users — new users. And in 2019, Eversource will begin to track and report which customers use CEP and then move forward to participate in energy efficiency program offerings.

The next several sections are related to updates and evolution of the working groups, as

well as items that were related to the planning process for the next 2021 through 20233-Year Plan.

Section F has a status update for each working group and some information regarding what's happening next for that working group.

Number (1), the Performance Incentive Working Group, we have just discussed previously, will be working to make its recommendations by June of 2019.

The Financing and Funding Working Group had a number of meetings in 2018, and several elements identified by the working group have been incorporated into the 2019 Update. That working group will continue with quarterly meetings for updates and new information in 2019.

The Benefit Cost Test Working Group
discussed a number of the elements related to
the New England Avoided Energy Supply
Components Study and how those are incorporated
into the 2019 Update. The Settling Parties
agree that the Benefit Cost Working Group will
provide input to the two currently underway NEI

studies, and recommendations regarding any implementation of the results of those studies to happen in the future.

In addition, the Benefit Cost Working

Group is going to be the technical lead for two new studies that the Settling Parties have identified: The Cost-Effectiveness Test

Analysis and an Energy Optimization Study. And we'll talk about those a little bit in a moment. Upon completion of these new studies and the NEI-related work, the Benefit Cost

Working Group will be discontinued.

The Lost Base Revenue Working Group has submitted its report. The results have been incorporated into the 2019 Update. And that working group has achieved its intended goals and will be discontinued.

Section G, Evaluation, Measurement & Verification and the Benefit/Cost Working Group, provides more detail about the two studies that I just noted. The EM&V Working Group will provide the administrative duties, in terms of contracting for and managing vendors for the two identified studies, while

the Benefit/Cost Working Group will be the technical lead for stakeholder input and policy discussions.

The first study is a review of the cost-effectiveness test. A framework for reviewing energy efficiency cost-effectiveness testing has been established in the National Standards Practice Manual. A consultant will be charged with reviewing the application of such methods in New Hampshire. Discussions regarding the stakeholder input to the review and its findings, as well as whether and how to incorporate those findings in New Hampshire, will be undertaken in the Benefit/Cost Working Group.

So, this study would be a review of policies in New Hampshire and how they relate to benefit/cost testing methodologies, and then recommendations for applying those methodologies in New Hampshire in the future.

A goal of the group is to have it completed by the end of the second quarter in 2019, so that the results can, to the extent reasonable, be incorporated into the Potential Study, which we

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will discuss in a moment. The Settling Parties anticipate that the Benefit/Cost Working Group will submit a report to the Commission, which will include recommendations for incorporation of any relevant findings from the review and seek a Commission decision on the recommendation of the working group for issuance in August of 2019.

The second study is a study of Energy Optimization, on how energy optimization through fuel switching is treated in cost-effectiveness testing, and how the impacts of such optimization are counted towards energy savings targets. The study will be based on a literature review and secondary research of existing data and other sources of information. The discussions of the review and its findings, as well as whether and how to incorporate those findings in New Hampshire, will be undertaken, again, in the Benefit/Cost Working Group. Recommendations from the Benefit/Cost Working Group will be incorporated in the same report that we just discussed for the cost-effectiveness test, which will be

presented to the Commission and seek a

Commission decision on those recommendations.

In addition to those two studies, the EM&V Working Group has already included in its

Strategic Evaluation Plan an Energy Efficiency

Potential Study for New Hampshire. That

Potential Study is scheduled to begin in 2019.

The work of the two previous studies that we

just discussed may inform that Potential Study,

and the EM&V Working Group will work to

incorporate, to the extent feasible, input from

stakeholders. And there's a goal that the

Potential Study will be completed no later than
the end of the first quarter of 2020, so that

its results could be incorporated to the degree

possible in the 2021 to 2023 Plan.

So, there are a lot of timelines and dates inherent in all of that work. The Settlement includes an attachment, which is a chart depicting the expected timelines. That chart also includes a number of elements related to the next two sections of the Settlement Agreement. So, I'll go through those next two sections, and then we can take a look at the

full chart, if that's something that would be helpful.

Section H relates to the "Planning Process and the Stakeholder Consultant". The Settling Parties have all acknowledged the need to establish appropriate goals for the next triennial plan covering 2021 to 2023. And a robust stakeholder process is an appropriate means for helping to establish those goals.

In 2019, the Commission will solicit and hire a consultant to act as the technical consultant to Staff and all other non-utility stakeholders. The stakeholder discussions will begin in the Fall of 2019, as anticipated in the December 8th settlement from last year. Those discussions will include items related to the policies relevant and applicable to the EERS; to establishing appropriate goals for the next triennium plan; the appropriate level of funding related to the next plan; and the appropriate program design and delivery models to achieve those stated goals.

Regarding the stakeholder consultant, an additional \$155,000, in addition to the already

agreed upon \$95,000 from the previous settlement, will be budgeted for that consultant. Assuming about one-third of that total pot of money will be spent in 2019, and about two-thirds in 2020. As with the original \$95,000, these funds will come from the EM&V budget. The planning expert will continue to provide advice and assistance to the EESE Board, the EERS Committee, the Settling Parties, and other stakeholders, as requested and appropriate.

The Settling Parties have agreed that the proposed 2021 to 2023 Plan will be filed on or by July 1st, 2020. Recognizing the great deal of work that is before us in developing that next triennium plan by July 1st, 2020, the Settling Parties have agreed that the 2020 Plan Update, which will be happening at this time next year, should involve only limited changes. And Page 15 and the top of Page 16 of the Settlement Agreement describe the elements that would be included in the 2020 Update.

So, as I noted, all of those various pieces of work and elements are plotted out in

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a chart that is attached to the Settlement Agreement, with the initial work in 2019 focused around the new studies related to the National Standard Practice review of benefit/cost testing, the Energy Optimization Study, the beginning of the technical Potential Study, and the additional work happening in the Performance Incentive Working Group. That work will then inform and lead up to kind of the filing of the Benefit/Cost Working Group's recommendations to the Commission in midsummer of 2019. And then the stakeholders will move on to the stakeholder discussion related to goals and other work for the 2021 to 2023 Plan. So, all of these elements are designed to kind of build into each other to lead up to the design for the next triennium plan.

And as I noted, there is kind of a review and drafting process for the next 3-Year Plan that would happen in the early part of 2020, with the filing to be made by July 1 and the docket process to follow.

Moving ahead from the planning process, Section J of the Settlement Agreement is

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focused on "Benefit/Cost Modeling Assumptions". As I noted in the beginning, there are a number of updates to the benefit/cost model that are related to the 2018 Avoided Energy Supply Components Study that happened in New England. It includes updating the benefit estimates for energy, for capacity, for zone-on-zone DRIPE, and for other fuel costs. In addition, that study calculated new assumptions that the Settling Parties agree will be -- are included in the 2019 Plan Update. These new assumptions are the benefits that are associated with pool transmission facilities, with intrastate oil DRIPE. And in addition, the Parties have agreed to evaluation of environmental benefits from fossil fuel savings. The Parties have determined not to include the benefit related to reliability at this time.

With respect to the income eligible programs, the utilities included in the 2019

Update Plan an additional 10 percent adder to the calculation of program benefits that accounts for NEI specific to this customer group. This is above and beyond the 10 percent

NEI adder that is applicable portfoliowide and was approved last year for the 3-Year Plan.

Both this additional 10 percent adder for the low-income programs and the portfoliowide 10 percent adder will remain in place for 2019 and for the 2020 program years. The results of the cross-cutting NEI studies that are currently underway and the low-income NEI study that is currently underway will be considered for inclusion as part of the 2021 to 2023 Update.

Finally, there are a number of additional items that the Settling Parties have agreed to. Number (1) The utilities will provide transmission and distribution cost information during the development of the next AESC study upon request, subject to obtaining the appropriate protections for confidentiality.

Number (2) The regulated electric utilities have acknowledged that there are differences in their street lighting tariffs. The utilities believe that the most appropriate venue for reviewing street lighting issues is within the context of individual rate cases. However, the utilities do agree that they will not object to

an investigation relating to street lights should one be requested of, and subsequently initiated by, the Commission.

The utilities have agreed that we will work on a summary table of incentive measures and rebates that will be available to customers under the NHSaves programs.

We have agreed to investigate other opportunities for demand reduction, including reviewing available information related to controllable domestic hot water measures and other measures.

The regulated utilities have agreed to undertake a bill impact analysis, which would include rate impacts, bill impacts and participant impacts.

And the utilities will work with Staff to develop a detailed summary of the Benefit/Cost Test modeling assumptions that are used in developing the 2019 Plan Update, and then again in 2020.

Related to non-wires alternatives, the

Parties agree that the potential for non-wires

alternatives is a matter that's worthy of

examination in the future. This topic will not be reviewed in the context of the 2019 or 2020 Plan Updates. But the Parties have identified a number of other venues where it can be discussed and additional information that can be provided on the topic.

That's a fairly substantial list of items.

But the Settling Parties agree that the 2019

Update represents positive forward momentum in achieving the goals and objectives of New

Hampshire's EERS, as well as significant opportunities for participation and savings for the residents, businesses, and municipalities across New Hampshire.

Q Thank you. Just a couple of follow-on questions, one rather specific. Back on Page 7 of the Settlement Agreement, in Section D, there is a reference in there to, about a third of the way up the page, coming from the bottom, to a "final compliance filing for the 2019 Update Plan". Can you explain what that final compliance filing would consist of please?

A (Peters) Yes. The utilities intend to make a final compliance piling for the -- hold on --

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         compliance filing for the 2019 Update Plan,
         which would be submitted no later than
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         January 15th. That would comprise of the
         revised Exhibits 19 and 20 that have been
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         presented to today; it would also include any
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         other attachments to the 2019 Update that needs
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         to be revised based on the Settlement Agreement
         and the information in it; and any updates
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         related to the narrative of the 2019 Update.
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         So, it will essentially be a full new book for
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         the 2019 Update Plan that incorporates all of
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         the items that are in the Settlement Agreement.
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         Thank you. Ms. Peters, is it your position, is
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         it the Company's position that this Settlement
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         Agreement, as you have exhaustively described
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         it this morning, is it a fair and appropriate
17
         settlement?
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    Α
         (Peters) Yes, it is.
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         And do you believe it to be just and reasonable
    Q
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         and appropriate for implementing the EERS Plan
         for 2019?
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         (Peters) Yes, I do.
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                   MR. FOSSUM:
                                 Thank you.
                                             I have no
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         other questions at the moment.
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CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Taylor.
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                   MR. TAYLOR: No questions.
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                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Who else has
         questions for the panel? Anyone?
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                         [Show of hands.]
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                   MR. DEXTER: I do.
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                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Buckley,
         then Mr. Dexter. Anybody else?
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                         [No verbal response.]
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                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: No. Mr.
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         Buckley, go ahead.
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                   MR. BUCKLEY: I want to thank
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         Ms. Peters for doing such a great job here. I
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         only have a few follow-on questions, which I
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         think I'll direct largely to Mr. Loiter, but
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         others can feel free to chime in as well.
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                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Off the record.
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                         [Brief off-the-record discussion
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                         ensued.]
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    BY MR. BUCKLEY:
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         Mr. Loiter, Ms. Peters spoke about active
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         demand reduction demonstrations that Eversource
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         and Unitil are planning to pursue within the
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         next program year. Now, I know you spoke at
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1 length in your testimony about the importance 2 of demand reduction. But can you just 3 summarize briefly why such a demonstration might be a good thing for the residential 4 5 ratepayers that we represent? 6 (Loiter) Sure. Even though the pilot is 7 directed at commercial customers and active demand reduction there, reducing the system 8 9 peak load benefits all ratepayers in the state, 10 because those are -- well, for two reasons. 11 One, those are the most expensive hours to 12 provide power, and that is the overall -- thing 13 that will add to the overall total cost. 14 Excuse me. 15 And the second reason is because, as I 16 state in my testimony, New Hampshire -- each 17 state has to a pay a share of the total 18 systemwide transmission costs in New England as

state in my testimony, New Hampshire -- each state has to a pay a share of the total systemwide transmission costs in New England as part of ISO-New England. And that is apportioned based on share of peak load on a monthly basis, and on an annual basis, if I'm not mistaken.

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To the extent that other states work to reduce their share of that, the New Hampshire

1 share of that total cost increases. And so, it's important that New Hampshire continue to 2 3 control its share of the overall system peak in order to control those costs, which are borne 4 5 by all ratepayers, not just the commercial 6 sector. 7 And, Mr. Loiter, would it be accurate to say 8 that those were two of the reasons why you 9 argued in your testimony for a demand reduction 10 metric to be included in any performance incentive that might be recommended by the 11 12 Performance Incentive Working Group? 13 (Loiter) Yes. Definitely. 14 And would it suffice to say that you are happy 15 to see within this current Settlement a 16 commitment to a demand reduction metric that 17 will flow from the recommendations of that 18 working group? (Loiter) Yes. Definitely. I think that's an 19 Α 20 important factor going forward. 21 Now, moving onto Section E of the Settlement 22 Agreement, Ms. Peters mentioned the "Customer 23 Engagement Platform". And there's one 24 provision in there that I'd like for you to

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highlight, and it's relative to an investigation by the utilities of "Green Button Connect My Data". Can you speak just briefly to what "Green Button Connect My Data" is and how it might be of value to ratepayers? (Loiter) Sure. With the advent of more sophisticated meters and billing systems, utilities have now, you know, depending on their own systems, for some time been able to provide detailed billing information to their customers through, typically, a Web portal, where a user can go on and download their That's been an important first step in usage. helping customers understand their patterns of usage. But not all customers are sophisticated enough to do that necessarily.

What this next step in the process would be would be to allow customers to authorize that their data go to a third party, who would be in a better position to analyze their consumption and make recommendations about how they can either reduce their total energy usage or reduce their usage during peak times, whether or not a time-of-use rate would be

1		beneficial to them, and other information that
2		they may not be able to do themselves. So,
3		this is an important, you know, next step in
4		understanding consumption patterns.
5	Q	And just to clarify, when I asked you using the
6		word "investigation", would you agree with me
7		that we're not talking about a formal
8		investigation before the Commission here, but
9		this is something of a that the utilities
10		would look into this and see if it is of value
11		and what the costs and benefits might be?
12	А	(Loiter) Yes. That's my understanding and
13		recollection from participating in the
14		Settlement Agreement, that the utilities
15		understand the value of that and will consider
16		it, subject to, of course, the technological
17		issues that would need to be addressed.
18	Q	Now, moving onto Section G of the Settlement
19		Agreement, where the Evaluation, Measurement &
20		Verification and Benefit/Cost Working Groups
21		are discussed, there's some discussion of the
22		two additional studies that will be undertaken
23		in 2018.
24		Now, Ms. Peters did a great job of

1 explaining what those studies are. But I'm 2 wondering if you could provide a little more 3 insight as to just the -- maybe the value of 4 those studies to ratepayers, residential 5 ratepayers, and maybe more specifically, what 6 trends that are occurring regionally may have 7 influenced our recommendation relative to those studies? 8 9 (Loiter) Sure. Sure. So, the two aspects of 10 these studies, again, are (1) an assessment of 11 how cost-effectiveness analysis is done and (2) 12 how switches from, typically, from fossil fuels 13 to electric uses, particularly of space 14 heating, might be beneficial to both the system 15 and to some of the other policy objectives that 16 the state has. And these are related. So, the 17 recommendation to use the National Standard 18 Practice Manual is a recognition that the 19 typical cost-effectiveness formulas and 20 guidance that has been used is dated to say the 21 It hasn't been updated in more than 15 least. 22 That's the California Standard Practice years. 23 Manual. 24 And so, this new manual, given all the

improvements, understanding and expansion of energy efficiency in this country, provides a new framework for looking at the policies and the objectives of a state or a utility or a jurisdiction, and making sure that the assessment of the cost-effectiveness of a program aligns with those policies, and explicitly states how it does that.

So, for example, with respect to a low-income adder, which exist as part of the cost-effectiveness now, presumably that is a policy objective of the state or an interest of the state, and that that's articulated somewhere. The framework of the National Standards Practice Manual would be very clear and explicit about explaining where that policy objective comes from and how it's translated into a cost-effectiveness test.

So, the second part related to this beneficial electrification, or "strategic electrification" as it's sometimes called, has to do with the recognition that, as the electric grid becomes cleaner, that there are environmental benefits, and particularly

climate benefits, to switching from fossil fuel space heating to electric space heating.

That has typically been a challenge from cost-effectiveness and from thinking about "energy savings", because, if you do that, the electric utility is actually going to sell more kWh rather than less. And so, in various states in the region that have been pursuing that, there's been a lot of debate and discussion about how to count savings for that kind of activity, how to measure the cost-effectiveness of that kind of activity.

And I think, given that there seems to be an interest and desire in New Hampshire as well to move that way, an explicit assessment of those calculations, those approaches, would be important and beneficial, to make sure that, in particular, we don't end up with counterproductive signals, particularly, again, for electric utilities, where on the one hand you're saying "please save energy", on the other hand you're saying "well, please sell more energy", but for a particular purpose, and making sure that those are balanced

1 appropriately.

- Q And you mentioned that there would be possibly environmental benefits associated with electrification. But can you imagine scenarios where there are also some fairly significant bill savings impacts?
- A (Loiter) Yes. Right. The other factor that comes into play is, you know, traditionally, utility rates, you know, historically were sort of kept in check in the face of increasing investment by the fact that load was also increasing. And so, that the increased revenue requirement was offset by increased sales, and so that the dollar per kWh that needed to be recovered was kept in check.

We're now in a time, with efficiency and other trends in the economy, particularly in New England, that the total volume of sales is not increasing, but costs continue to go up.

And as a result of that, rates go up, in order to recover the revenue requirement over a relatively static kWh.

Using the electric grid for beneficial electrification or for transportation increases

1 kWh energy sales in a way that (1) is 2 beneficial environmentally, but then (2) also 3 lowers the unit rate for revenue recovery. And 4 that can have benefits to all ratepayers, 5 particularly those who try to control their 6 energy consumption. So, you spread the 7 distribution costs and all, you know, other investments over more kWh, which keeps the rate 8 9 in check. 10 So that you are describing the spreading of the 11 fixed system costs to kilowatt over more 12 kilowatt-hours and how that impacts, really, 13 all ratepayers, including non-participants, is 14 that correct? 15 Α (Loiter) That's right. All ratepayers, whether 16 or not their participating in energy 17 efficiency, benefit from that. 18 Q And I'm wondering if you might be able to just 19 delve very briefly into the benefits that might 20 accrue to program participants, as far as bill 21 savings, when, for example, they might be 22 switching from an unregulated fossil heating

source to a highly efficient electric heating

source. Would their energy burden tend to go

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1 up overall or down overall? 2 Α (Loiter) Well, certainly, the intent in making 3 those switches is for that energy burden to go 4 down. You know, when done appropriately, if 5 someone's got an older, inefficient fossil 6 appliance, particularly if it's oil or propane, 7 really particularly oil, high efficiency electric heating can be, despite the fact that 8 9 electricity has an associated cost with it, can 10 lower the customer's total bill for meeting 11 their space heating needs. 12 And now I just want to move very briefly to the Q "Benefit/Cost Modeling Assumptions" section of 13 14 the Settlement Agreement. 15 Α (Loiter) Uh-huh. 16 Q I think that's Section J. 17 Α (Loiter) Uh-huh. 18 Q And I think this was mentioned by Ms. Peters, 19 but I just want to make sure that we've got it 20 nailed down. There is some accounting for fossil 21 22 avoided costs relative to avoided emissions 23 benefits for fossil fuels in this Agreement, is 24 there not?

1	A	(Loiter) That's right. The approach is one of
2		using the value of avoiding RGGI compliance
3		payments on the electric side and using a
4		comparable value for avoiding carbon from other
5		sources.
6	Q	And would it be accurate to say that, and this
7		is echoing your testimony, that this is
8		actually a value which had previously been
9		appeared to be approved by the Commission
10		several years ago and was never explicitly
11		revoked. Would that be accurate?
12	А	(Loiter) Based on the review I was able to do,
13		yes.
14	Q	Now, if I could just ask you to turn very
15		briefly for Section K, "Miscellaneous", there
16		is some discussion there of a "bill impact
17		analysis". Can you just briefly describe what
18		that is and why that could be a helpful tool in
19		helping us understand the breadth and depth and
20		impact of our programs?
21	А	(Loiter) Sure. I was looking at some of the
22		materials that have been provided, and both in
23		the way the Plan is typically provided in some
24		of the updated exhibits, and utilities

typically present the change in the SBC required in order to fund the programs, once all the other factors of RGGI income and etcetera have been factored in. And sometimes it's -- sometimes they present what that would mean for an average customer bill.

I think there can also be relevant information provided to the Commission by providing an estimate of how a typical participant inefficiency, how their bill would change on a monthly basis, factoring in the fact that they're using less energy, but they are paying their SBC.

I think it's important for the Commission to also see the impact on a nonparticipant's bill, and what does it look like when the SBC goes up for someone who doesn't participate, who doesn't reduce their energy usage. And seeing that information side-by-side can help the Commission understand the impacts to all ratepayers. You know, the OCA, my client, is obviously particularly concerned with residential customers, but this is relevant to all customer classes.

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              So, there are some ways of presenting that
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         information. There are examples provided in
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         the National Standards Practice Manual, for
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         example, that lay out a nice, concise way of
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         presenting this information I think would be
         valuable for the Commission to see.
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         And given what we've discussed so far here this
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         morning, and what you've heard from others, do
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         you support this Settlement Agreement as
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         presented and filed with the Commission?
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         (Loiter) I do.
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         And do you see the rates set forth in that
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         Settlement and its attachments as just and
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         reasonable?
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    Α
         (Loiter) I do.
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                   MR. BUCKLEY:
                                  Thank you, Mr. Loiter.
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         No further questions.
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                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Dexter.
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                   MR. DEXTER: Thank you. I have some
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         questions for the panel about the processes
         that will be going on over the next two years.
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         And I know Ms. Peters covered it in her
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         summary, but I just want to make sure we're all
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         on the same page.
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BY MR. DEXTER:

- Q As I understand it, assuming that this
 Settlement is approved and a compliance filing
 is made in January of 2019, is it correct that
 the next filing before the Commission related
 to the EERS will be the Peak Demand Response
 Pilot Program?
- A (Peters) That's correct. That Eversource and
 Unitil have agreed to provide a filing related
 to that pilot program. We hope to file that as
 early as we are able to in the year, because we
 need to start work with the vendors and
 customers in order to have it operational for
 this summer. The Settlement Agreement does not
 have a specific date, but we are aiming to do
 that early in the year.
- And you would be looking for an approval from the Commission of those programs in the -- is it fair to say, roughly, the first quarter of 2019?
- 21 A (Peters) Yes.
 - Q Thank you. Now, does that program appear on the chart that's attached to the Settlement? I couldn't find it. But if you could point that

out, that would be helpful.

A (Peters) That program is not on the chart, actually. The chart was more related to the planning process that leads up to the next triennium plan. So, the demand initiative is not on the chart. It is something that, as noted, we are in the planning process for now, but -- at Eversource and at Unitil. We would be looking to make that filing early in the year, get an approval for it, and would need to be working this spring with vendors to identify the customers and put the plans in place, in order to be able to have the customers do the load curtailment during the Summer of 2019.

Eversource, I know, and I believe Unitil, does already have a vendor that we're working with in Massachusetts. So that does speed up some of the process, which is why we're able to put this initiative in for 2019.

Q Thank you. Now, moving through 2019, is it correct that the next filing that would be made for the Commission has to do with the policy goals related to the National Standard Practice Manual and the Energy Optimization studies that

1 were discussed? (Peters) Yes. That would be a recommendation 2 Α 3 coming from the Benefit/Cost Working Group filed to the Commission, and looking for a 4 5 ruling on that hopefully by the end of August, 6 so that any information from that ruling could 7 then be available and incorporated into stakeholder discussions that will happen in the 8 9 Fall of 2019 related to goals for the next 10 3-Year Plan. Thank you. And then, later in 2019 would come 11 0 12 the 2020 Update, is that right? 13 (Peters) That's correct. That would be filed 14 in September of 2019. 15 And you indicated, I believe, that the Q 16 Settlement terms were designed to put some 17 parameters around that, to perhaps make it go a 18 little bit more quickly or not devote as much 19 resources as the 2019 Plan Update ended up 20 taking. Is that fair? 21 (Peters) That's correct. A number of the 22 issues that we're discussing here and in the 23 Settlement are related to this planning process 24 for the next 3-Year Plan, which is an important

thing to lay out and to think about, so that we make sure we kind of provide ourselves a path to get to where we want to be for that next 3-Year plan.

Because that work will be underway significantly in 2019, the Parties anticipate that the 2020 Update will focus on just an update for the budgets and the programs for 2019. There are a number of elements that are laid out in the Settlement Agreement that would be specifically provided as documentation. But the planning process for the next 3-Year Plan will be happening simultaneously in the stakeholder arena and not as part of that 2020 Update docket.

- Q And both of those dockets that we just discussed, the docket related to -- or, both of those filings related to the National Standards Practice Manual and the Energy Optimization studies, as well as the 2020 Update, both of those are contained on the chart, which is at Bates 035, correct?
- A (Peters) That's correct.
- 24 Q And then, moving into 2020, as I understand it,

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         the only filing that will be made for approval
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         that year will be the next 3-Year Plan,
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         correct?
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         (Peters) That's correct. July 1st, 2020.
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         And is it correct that some of the actions that
         were taken or a lot of the actions that will be
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         taken as a result of this Settlement Agreement
         were designed to allow for a smooth and
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         hopefully a consensus filing to occur on
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         July 1st, 2020?
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         (Peters) That's correct. As you can tell,
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         there are a number of policy discussions to be
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         had, as well as detailed analysis regarding the
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         goals and program development. And the Parties
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         have worked hard through this discussion and
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         process to set out a path to make sure that we
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         can achieve those policy discussions, as well
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         as the detailed analysis, in order to submit
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         that plan for July 1st. Includes a robust
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         stakeholder process with the EESE Board and
         other parties, and should result in a positive,
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         forward-moving next triennium plan.
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         Thank you. Now, turning to Mr. Stachow, do you
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         have anything that you would like to add to the
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1 summary that was presented by Ms. Peters of the Settlement, both in terms of substance and in 2 3 terms of some of the process that we've just been talking about? 4 5 (Stachow) Perhaps I would simply reinforce, 6 based upon the questions you asked, that in my 7 view many of the analyses that are anticipated for the first half of 2019 are designed to feed 8 9 in to the Technical Potential Study, which is 10 going to, in turn, be one of the factors that 11 will be influencing the next triennium. So, 12 all of these are part of the pathway to 13 achieving the next Triennial Plan. 14 Thank you. And, Mr. Stachow, in your opinion, 15 does the Settlement call for a portfolio of 16 energy efficiency programs that meet the 17 requirements of the EERS standard that was 18 established in DE 15-137? 19 (Stachow) It does. Α

Q And are the resulting programs -- I'm sorry,
that the Settlement -- do you support the
Commission approval of the Settlement as a just
and reasonable resolution of the issues
presented in this proceeding?

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A (Stachow) I do.

- 2 Q And do you support the proposed rates as just and reasonable as presented?
 - A (Stachow) I do.

5 MR. DEXTER: Thank you. That's all I have.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Before I turn the microphone over to Commissioner Bailey, I want to go through the exhibits and make sure that the Parties are satisfied with what's going in, and that we have what we need in the record to rely on.

In my checking things off during the questioning, I heard questions about

Exhibits 10, 12, 15, and 18. I don't know that I heard questions or a description of Exhibits 19 and 20. And I also didn't hear 13, 16, and 17, which -- or, I'm sorry, 13, 14, 16, and 17, which are testimonies from witnesses who are sitting in the room, but aren't part of the panel.

And I'll note, with respect to 11, which is the testimony of Mr. Colton, we had a motion, which was granted, to allow that to

come in with Mr. Colton's affidavit, which was submitted sometime last week.

So, as I sit here, I'd be prepared to strike ID at the end of this on 10, 11, 12, 15, and 18. Tell me what you want to do with the others.

MR. FOSSUM: Well, I'll start down at the bottom. The testimony ones that you've identified that have not been spoken to directly so far, that would be 13, 14, 16, and 17, our understanding was that, to the extent necessary, each of those persons, as you've noted, are here in the room and would take whatever steps they need to formally adopt that testimony into the record today. So, they're prepared to do that. They have not done so yet.

Exhibits 19 and 20, there is a second panel that is planned for this morning. There is testimony --

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I'm sorry, that was news. I didn't realize that. There's another panel. Are they going to be dealing with 19 and 20?

1 MR. FOSSUM: They will. There was 2 testimony that -- rate-specific testimony that 3 was submitted as part of Exhibit 10. Those witnesses will be addressing that rate-specific 4 5 testimony as part of Exhibit 10, as well as Exhibits 19 and 20. 6 7 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: So, who are the witnesses who are going to be on the second 8 9 panel? 10 MR. FOSSUM: That would be the same 11 witnesses identified in that testimony 12 originally: Christopher Goulding, Heather 13 Tebbetts, Karen Asbury, and Carol Woods. 14 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Okay. Off the 15 record. 16 [Brief off-the-record discussion 17 ensued.] 18 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. 19 We'll go back on the record. We had a brief 20 discussion off the record. What we're going to 21 do is deal with the four witnesses who are in the room whose testimony hasn't yet been 22 23 adopted, we'll deal with that after this panel

is done.

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1
                    So, now, Commissioner Bailey,
 2
         questions for this panel?
 3
                    CMSR. BAILEY: Thank you. Good
 4
         morning.
                   And let me start by thanking you for
 5
         your hard work on this. I know that it looks
 6
         like you all have invested a terrific amount of
 7
         time and energy into resolving the issues that
         you all came to agreement on.
 8
    BY CMSR. BAILEY:
9
10
         With that said, can anybody tell me what the
11
         expected savings from the 2014 delivered sales
12
         are for 2018, the actual? Does anybody know?
13
         (Peters) The actual percentage for 2019 or
14
         the --
15
         For 2018.
    Q
16
    Α
         (Peters) Oh, for 2018.
17
         What did we achieve this year?
    Q
18
    Α
         (Peters) Well, the year is not quite done.
19
         I know. That's why I asked you what you
    Q
20
         expected.
21
         (Peters) So, we are expecting to meet the
22
         energy savings, which I believe is 0.8 percent
23
         of 2014 sales for electric and 0.7 for gas.
24
         That's right.
    Q
```

```
1
    Α
         (Peters) 0.7 for gas. The utilities are
 2
         anticipating that we will meet those goals for
 3
         2018. We have not closed out the year. We
         don't have the final numbers. But we are
 4
 5
         anticipating we will meet the goals.
 6
         Okay. Do we get a report about that at a
    Q
 7
         certain point?
    Α
         (Peters) Certainly. We just submitted a
 8
9
         Quarter 3 Report. I don't have the details of
10
         that report in front of me, but we can get it
11
         to you. And then, we can -- we'll be following
12
         up with a Quarter 4 Report, which will indicate
13
         savings for the full year.
14
         Mr. Stachow, do you happen to know what the
15
         Quarter 3 Report --
16
    Α
         (Stachow) I do not, I regret.
17
         Okay. Okay. Anybody?
    Q
18
    Α
         (No verbal response).
19
    Q
         No?
             Okay. All right. The original Plan
20
         indicated that you could meet the 2019 target
21
         savings of an additional 1 percent for electric
22
         and an additional 0.75 percent for gas without
23
         raising the Systems Benefits Charge. And now,
24
         in the Settlement Agreement, you have agreed to
```

collect more money, correct?

A (Peters) No. The original 3-Year Plan indicated that we could meet the 1 percent of 2014 sales and the 0.75 percent of 2014 sales at certain budget levels, which did anticipate an increase in the System Benefits Charge and the LDAC charge from 2018 to 2019. So, an increase was anticipated.

When the utilities drafted the 2019 Update Plan, the plan that was submitted on September 14th, we estimated that, on the electric side, we could actually meet that 1 percent at a lower cost than we had anticipated in the 3-Year Plan. And so, that's the discussion that I was going through regarding the budget levels that are in the Settlement.

Through discussions with the Parties, we determined that the budget level from the SBC that was indicated in the original three-year filing, if we went back to that amount, would allow for additional savings to happen in 2019 beyond the 1 percent. And so, that chart on Page 4 of the Settlement lays out that additional funding and the programs that it

```
1
         will go to.
         Okay. So, what is the additional savings that
 2
    Q
 3
         we're going to achieve?
         (Peters) Yes. So, the additional funding, just
 4
    Α
 5
         to be clear, is $2,253,103. The additional
 6
         savings that will come from that, as I -- as I
 7
         indicated, it's going to a number of different
         programs: The Home Energy Assistance Income
 8
9
         Eligible Program, to a pilot for demand
10
         reduction, to the commercial and industrial
11
         programs, and to the residential programs.
12
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Peters, let
13
         me stop you.
14
                   WITNESS PETERS: Uh-huh.
15
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: We got that
16
         part.
17
                   WITNESS PETERS: Got it. Yes.
18
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Commissioner
         Bailey I think is looking for a number, or
19
20
         maybe two numbers.
21
                   CMSR. BAILEY: And not a number about
22
         the budget, a number about the savings.
23
                   WITNESS PETERS: Okay. I've got
24
         three savings numbers for you.
```

```
1
                   CMSR. BAILEY:
                                   Great.
    BY THE WITNESS:
 2
 3
         (Peters) So, the additional annual
         kilowatt-hour savings from that is an increase
 4
 5
         of just over 2 million kilowatt-hours. The
 6
         additional annual MMBtu savings, because some
 7
         of these programs are fuel-neutral residential
         programs, is just over 4,000 MMBtus. And then,
 8
 9
         Eversource and Unitil anticipate 6.8 --
10
         6.8 megawatts of savings from the demand
         initiative. That is not included in the
11
12
         benefit/cost model, because this is a pilot.
13
         But that's the anticipated demand savings from
14
         the demand initiative portion.
15
    BY CMSR. BAILEY:
16
    Q
         So, are those numbers too small to tell me what
17
         percentage of the savings that would be? So,
18
         if we originally expected 2019 to have an
19
         additional 1 percent in electric savings, what
20
         does that get us to?
21
         (Peters) I understand your question, but I'm
22
         not able to do the percentage math in my head
23
         at this time. I don't know if someone else
24
         might be able to.
```

```
[WITNESSES: Peters|Carroll|Loiter|Stachow]
 1
    Q
         Maybe after a break we could get that?
 2
         (Peters) Yes. It should be fairly easy, I --
    Α
 3
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: It's not fair to
 4
         ask you to do math under pressure.
 5
                         [Laughter.]
 6
    BY CMSR. BAILEY:
 7
         And is there anybody on the panel who can speak
 8
         to the gas savings?
         (Carroll) I don't have the -- I do not have the
9
10
         numbers for the gas savings right in front of
11
         me. But, again, it should be a pretty simple
12
         exercise that we could do after a break.
13
         Okay. And that was based on the 4,000 MMBtu?
14
         (Carroll) That's not actually -- that's not gas
15
         savings, correct? The additional funding is
16
         actually only in the electric programs.
17
         Okay.
    Q
18
         (Carroll) So, there are no additional gas
19
         savings. They're fuel-neutral oil and propane
20
         savings, those MMBtus that Kate mentioned.
```

21 Q Okay. All right. So, for the gas savings, you

expect to achieve 0.75 percent in 2019?

A (Carroll) That's correct.

24 Q With the Plan as proposed?

23

```
1
    Α
         (Carroll) As planned.
 2
    Q
         Okay. If the electric savings, say,
 3
         hypothetically, it's 1.1 percent, and the total
         goal for the three years is a cumulative 3.1
 4
 5
         percent, does that reduce your 2020 obligation
         by that 0.1 percent?
 6
 7
         (Peters) We had not discussed a potential
    Α
 8
         reduction for the 2020 obligation. So, I
9
         believe the Settling Parties assume that the
10
         2020 goal is still as stated in the original
11
         EERS.
12
         So, that would not reduce the 2020 obligation?
    Q
13
         (Peters) No.
14
         Everybody else agree?
15
    Α
         (Carroll) Yes. I think that was the
16
         understanding, although not explicit.
17
    Α
         (Loiter) Yes. I would agree with that. I
18
         think, in some places I'm familiar with, that
19
         you say there's a three-year goal, and that's
20
         really what's being aimed at. But, in those
21
         situations, you don't focus on these, you know,
22
         intermediary targets. So, I think, in this
23
         context, I think the focus really is on each of
24
         those targets each year.
```

```
1
    Q
         So, if you do better in one year, that doesn't
 2
         change your obligation for the next year?
 3
    Α
         (Loiter) Correct.
         Okay. Mr. Stachow?
 4
    Q
 5
         (Stachow) I concur.
         Thank you. Can some, any one of you or all of
 6
    Q
 7
         you, confirm for me that the increase -- well,
         that the additional money that you'll spend,
 8
9
         which is consistent with the original budget,
10
         will be used for cost-effective energy
         efficiency? Is it cost-effective still?
11
12
         (Peters) It is cost-effective. The entire
         2.253 million is included in the benefit/cost
13
14
         model and results in cost-effective programs.
15
         As I noted, the megawatt-hour savings for the
16
         demand incentive are not included, because it's
17
         a pilot, and the savings, you know, are
18
         something that we're going to be exploring, but
19
         we did include the costs of that, as well as
20
         the rest of the additional items.
21
         During the break, when you figure out what
22
         the percentage in savings is, can you also
23
         just give me an idea, an order of magnitude,
24
         what 6.8 megawatts of demand response would
```

achieve?

Α

Now, moving onto that pilot program for demand response for C&I customers. Can somebody explain to me why Liberty isn't involved in that, since they are — they have a pilot program for residential customers in their battery storage proposed that will be predicting when the peak occurs, and, you know, why aren't they involved in that?

(Peters) Right. So, both Liberty and New
Hampshire Electric Co-op are interested in this
topic and in this pilot. In terms of moving
forward for a 2019 pilot, Eversource and Unitil
have a vendor in place from our work in
Massachusetts and its structure for the pilot
that already exists. Liberty does not have
that structure in place in Massachusetts. So,
kind of ramping up in time to actually execute
the pilot in New Hampshire was going to be more
difficult for them and/or for the Co-op.

And as you mentioned, Liberty has a separate initiative going on related to demand reduction currently, and the Co-op also has separate initiatives that they do with their

1 members related to demand reduction.

So, we determined that Eversource and Unitil will move forward with this pilot in 2019. All of us will review the results and the outcomes from that pilot, and then likely have further discussion about inclusion for 2020 that may include the other companies.

- Q You say you have a vendor and structure in place for a demand response program for your C&I customers in Mass.?
- 11 A (Peters) Yes.

- Q Can you explain what the vendor does for you?

 Do they -- how do they predict -- do they

 predict the peak for you, when the peak will

 happen, or do they get the word out to the C&I

 customers?
- A (Peters) I know that the vendor works with the customers to develop the plan for curtailment, and then works with the utilities in terms of determining the actual amount of kW that was reduced.

Exactly how that analysis works I'm not personally familiar with. We may have other folks in the room who are able to describe that

```
1
         further, if that's something that you'd like to
 2
         go into?
 3
         That's okay. That part of the answer is okay.
    Q
         Do you know how the Company predicts when the
 4
 5
         peak is going to happen, so that the C&I
 6
         customers can cut their demand at that moment
 7
         in time?
         (Peters) I do not personally know exactly how
 8
    Α
         that analysis happens or who is making that
9
10
         call. There probably are others who could
11
         speak to it additionally.
12
         Mr. Loiter?
    Q
         (Loiter) I could just offer one point of
13
14
         reference. I think, in general, the ability to
15
         do that is pretty well developed in the
16
         industry. I have a client, which is a small
17
         collection of municipals in Connecticut, and
18
         they have some emergent generation at the
19
         municipal facilities and things like that.
20
         They have been very successful at predicting
21
         the peak so that they can effectively, you
22
         know, use a demand response strategy to knock
23
         it down.
24
         The municipality does it?
```

```
1
    Α
         (Loiter) I mean, they have a firm that helps
         them do it. But it's -- I think it's pretty
 2
 3
         accessible.
 4
         There's a product out there that helps
    Q
 5
         utilities --
 6
         (Loiter) There's a service. There's a -- there
 7
         are entities that will help you do that that I
         think are pretty good at it.
 8
9
    Q
         Okay.
10
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Commissioner
11
         Giaimo.
12
    BY CMSR. GIAIMO:
13
         So, there would be a third party who would be
14
         aggregating load and responding to market
15
         signals and/or capacity deficiencies on the
16
         system?
                 That's a question.
17
         (Peters) I know it's a question. I believe the
18
         answer is "yes", but I'm not 100 percent sure.
19
         We do have additional expertise on this topic
20
         in the room, although not on the panel at the
21
         moment. So, it may make sense to incorporate
22
         that into this discussion at some point.
23
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Fossum, she
24
         seems to be looking at you.
```

1	[Laughter.]
2	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I don't think
3	you're the expertise in question. But I think
4	you may be able to help us here.
5	MR. FOSSUM: No, I'm not. It's
6	certainly not to her benefit to look at me for
7	a number of reasons. No, it's not me who would
8	be the expert. I believe it's actually a
9	witness from Unitil who has some experience
L 0	with this who would have some additional
L1	information and could probably answer some of
L 2	the questions that are being asked.
L 3	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Taylor? Do
L 4	you have somebody here who could help us out?
L 5	MR. TAYLOR: Yes. Tom Palma, I
L 6	believe, could speak to the issue.
L 7	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
L 8	Well, maybe what we'll do is set aside a few
L 9	minutes for Mr. Palma to be sworn in and offer
20	some testimony. Does that seem reasonable?
21	MR. TAYLOR: If the others are okay
22	with it, we'd certainly be willing to provide
23	the information.
2	CHAIRMAN HONIGRERG. Is there going

```
1
         to be any objection from anyone?
                   MR. DEXTER: None from Staff.
 2
 3
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. I
 4
         see lots of shaking heads.
                   If you want to continue to ask
 5
 6
         questions of this panel, we may identify other
 7
         issues or other things that Mr. Palma can help
         us with or maybe somebody else in the room.
 8
                   CMSR. GIAIMO: Okay. Then, I'll ask
 9
10
         a couple more, a couple more questions.
    BY CMSR. GIAIMO:
11
12
         So, would the intention be to bid this product
13
         into the competitive market?
14
              Okay. Seeing a pause, I will take that as
15
         a --
16
    Α
         (Carroll) Maybe Tom Palma.
17
         Okay. Well, I'll ask that one later. The
18
         utilities wouldn't be -- they would be
19
         independent, right? You wouldn't be
20
         aggregating collectively?
         (Carroll) That's correct. It would be
21
22
         individually.
         So, my understanding of the way demand response
23
    Q
24
         is dispatched, it gets dispatched in one of 19
```

1 zones in New England. So, there are situations 2 where a small utility might have difficulty 3 without aggregating with another utility. So, 4 I quess my other question is, does Unitil have 5 enough commercial/industrial in the various 6 dispatch zones to operate in this market? 7 Α (Carroll) That is probably a question that's 8 better answered by Mr. Palma. But I believe 9 that we do. 10 CMSR. GIAIMO: Okay. And the -- my 11 question with respect to the markets would be, 12 I guess this is something to think about, would 13 be both the capacity ancillary service market, 14 as well as the energy market. Thank you. 15 CMSR. BAILEY: All right. This is a 16 question on this topic that I think you guys 17 can probably answer. 18 BY CMSR. BAILEY: 19 So, if this pilot reduces the amount of 20 kilowatt-hours sold, will the lost revenue be 21 made up through the lost revenue program? 22 (Peters) We did not include this in the lost 23 revenue calculations. Again, it's a pilot. Wе 24 didn't include the reductions in the

```
1
         benefit/cost model and we also did not include
         them in the lost revenue calculations.
 2
 3
         Okay. So, the only loss revenue that will be
    Q
 4
         made up through the program is the 0.8 percent
 5
         of the savings and the 1 percent for 2019?
 6
         (Peters) Correct.
 7
         For electric?
         (Peters) Correct.
 8
    Α
9
         Okay. Thank you.
10
    BY CMSR. GIAIMO:
11
         It seems like we're almost about to transition
12
         off the pilot. So, my question with respect to
13
         demand response was, Mr. Loiter, Attorney
14
         Buckley I believe he said you "were happy",
15
         that you were happy with the fact that demand
16
         response was -- there was going to be a metric
17
         associated with this. I guess I was hoping to
18
         give you the opportunity to define "success".
         What would the metric look like to say that
19
20
         this program was a success?
21
         (Loiter) I just want to clarify, the metric
22
         that I proposed in my testimony was a metric
23
         for demand reduction from the program overall,
         from the Plan overall. Whether it comes from
24
```

1	energy efficiency or from an active demand
2	response. And I think, given the limited scale
3	of the demand response here, I think the
4	objective would be to set a target for a kW
5	reduction that comes from the program that, you
6	know, as a starting point you would look and
7	see what the utilities believe they're going to
8	get, and then, depending on discussion, maybe
9	that can be, you know, stretched a little bit.
10	So that there's so that there's an incentive
11	for the utility to try to get energy savings
12	from measures that also reduce peak. I think
13	that's really the success we're trying to get
14	at, is, you know, again, if you have a choice
15	between two kWh, and one of them gets you some
16	good peak reduction and one doesn't, we want
17	there to be a little bit of a push to get the
18	one that also gives you the peak reduction.
19	But right now that's not really captured, you
20	know, directly in their structure.
21	CMSR. GIAIMO: Thank you for
22	answering.
23	BY CMSR. BAILEY:
24	Q Okay. I'd like to move onto the income

eligible program. Was there an underspend in the income eligible program during 2018?

A (Peters) So, 2018 is not completed yet. So, it's unclear. Eversource is actually -- we made a notice filing to the Commission last month indicating we anticipated Eversource a significant overspend in that program in 2018.

I'm not sure of the status of the other utilities at the moment.

However, this discussion arose from the fact that there was an underspend in 2017 in the low-income programs for all of the utilities. And so, as noted in The Way Home's testimony, that that became a topic of conversation.

In the past, there has been no practice or process or agreement regarding what happens when there's an underspend. And in practice, most of the utilities try to make up for that in the next year. That's what we've done in past years. That's what we're trying to do in 2018.

However, it seemed to make sense to formalize going forward a more specific

1 practice for what would happen if there were an 2 underspend in the low-income programs, given 3 that commitment to the programs that we've all And so, that's where the Settlement 4 5 Agreement relating to the underspent funds 6 being specifically carried forward to future 7 years comes in. So, did Eversource, for example, spend the 2017 8 budget that was underspent in 2018? 9 10 (Peters) Not technically. So, we closed out Α 11 2017 with our Performance Incentive filing in 12 June of this year. When all of the spending 13 and the actual revenues for 2017 were taken 14 into account in that filing, Eversource 15 actually ended 2017 with a carry-under for the 16 programs as a whole. So, those specific 17 dollars were not spent in 2018. However, we 18 did find opportunity in working to ramp up that 19 program to take on additional jobs in 2018. 20 And as we indicated in our notice letter, the 21 additional funds for the low-income program in 22 2018 will be coming from other residential

programs that are not performing as well in

23

24

2018.

1 Q And does anybody have any information about the other utilities? 2 3 Α (Carroll) In terms of our underspend in '17, it was not the practice at the time to roll those 4 5 funds forward as described in the Settlement 6 Agreement here. So, we began our budget 7 process in '17 very similar to what Kate just described for Eversource. We started to build 8 9 a budget to reach the target, and then fold in 10 any under- or over-collection that we had in 11 the sector. 12 And are you on track to achieving the full Q 13 spend for the 2018 budget this year? 14 (Carroll) I believe we are. 15 I had a little bit of confusion about the Q 16 cost-effectiveness test that you discuss on 17 Bates Page 011. And will the review be about 18 the application of the methods recognized in 19 the National Standards Practice Manual? Does 20 that actually happen in New Hampshire or is 21 it -- can you help me out? I just -- I wrote 22 down some notes and I can't -- I can't make 23 sense of them.

(Loiter) Sure. Let me see if I can help.

24

Α

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Cost-effectiveness tests were historically defined in this thing I mentioned, the California Standard Practice Manual. And there's a number of tests. You've probably heard of the Total Resource Test, the RIM Test, or Participant/Utility, etcetera, etcetera.

The National Standard Practice Manual lays out both a philosophy of cost-effectiveness testing and sort of a process that they call the "Resource Value Framework", which is designed for a jurisdiction to go through this process to develop a test, or potentially more than one test, that reflects that jurisdiction's policy objectives or even, you know, legislative mandates, etcetera. So that you're not going to have the Total Resource Cost Test here, you're going to have the New Hampshire test. And in fact, in Rhode Island, where they have undertaken -- they actually were ahead of the curve, they actually were doing some of this before the manual was done, but they have the Rhode Island test, and that is the cost-effectiveness test. And that includes components that they feel represents

their policy framework, their regulatory and legislative framework.

And so, this process that's contemplated here would be to go through that process here in New Hampshire to come up with a test, potentially — potentially more than one, but the objective is usually one test, that then allows you to say that "this program" — that "this portfolio is cost-effective based on what we care about and value here."

So, does that --

Q That was really helpful. I appreciate that. Thank you. So, now I have another question.

So, the working group in the EERS program will be evaluating what the best test for New Hampshire is for cost-effectiveness. Are we going to apply that test in other venues and dockets, where we talk about TRC and other kinds of cost-effectiveness tests? Is that the expectation?

(Stachow) Let me try and answer the first part of your question first. I'm not sure about the second part. But the first part, my understanding is that -- my mind's drawn a

complete blank. Remind me of the first part of your question.

- Q I mean, my question was really getting to -well, I guess the first part of my question that you were responding to was about who was going to come up with the test?
- A (Stachow) Right. So, the way in which the Settlement is written, the expectation is that the selection and bidding process surrounding the selection of the consultant who will lead this effort on behalf of all the Parties would be managed by the EM&V Working Group.

The technical input, the stakeholder deliberations, and the process itself, the analysis, would be led by the B/C Working Group. And at the end of six months, I think it's six months, the recommendations of the B/C Working Group would be presented to the Commission for consideration.

And so, the follow-on question to that is, is it for consideration for a cost-effectiveness test simply for energy efficiency or is that going to set the standard -- is it your expectation that that will set the standard for

all kinds of cost/benefit tests for all the other dockets that we have that require that? Α (Stachow) Okay. Here I'm going to fly by the seat of my pants. Which is to say, as far as I understand, we're discussing a test for energy efficiency. However, having established that test for energy efficiency, there may be a case for broadening its application later.

Q Okay. Mr. Loiter?

A (Loiter) I'll offer that, in Rhode Island,
which I referenced earlier, that the test that
is being used for energy efficiency there grew
out of a docket that took a broader view. And
the objective of that docket and that
investigation by that Commission was to have a
consistent application of cost-effectiveness to
all things that might affect regulated
utilities' rates and cost recovery. So, they
are seeking to apply that same framework to
storage, distributed renewables, you know,
electrification of transportation, etcetera.
So, and then I think you could make an argument
that that's a good thing, to have a consistent
view across all of the things that would come

before you. Presumably, you'd want some outcome in the world to have the same value in multiple dockets.

Starts to get a little challenging. But, you know, I think the intention is there, again, in Rhode Island, to try to be consistent across all of these things.

- A (Peters) Could I add one more to that?
- 9 Q Sure.

A (Peters) So, this focus I think that the
Settling Parties had discussed had been
particularly for the efficiency programs within
the efficiency docket and the Benefit/Cost
Working Group, which is focused on the
efficiency programs. And the timeline that we
have set forth is a fairly tight timeline.

And so, to the extent, as Mr. Stachow mentioned, there may be a broader applicability that could be considered in the future, I think the Staff and the Commission and others related to those other docket topics would need to consider how they might take the work that's being done in the efficiency docket currently and then expand upon it. I don't want to give

```
1
         the impression that we could encompass all of
 2
         those other topics in the six months that we've
         set forward for ourselves in this timeframe.
 3
 4
         So, --
 5
    Q
         Okay. Thanks. Ms. Peters, this question is
 6
         for you. How many new users did you achieve in
 7
         2018 for your Customer Education Platforms?
 8
         You, Eversource?
         (Peters) Yes. I do not have the number in
9
    Α
10
         front of me at the moment.
11
         Do you know what 50 percent of that number is?
12
         I mean, --
13
         (Peters) I believe we're --
14
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Well, --
15
                   CMSR. BAILEY: Well, she probably has
16
         a number in her mind.
17
    CONTINUED BY THE WITNESS:
         (Peters) Yes. No, I believe, for 2019, in
18
    Α
19
         order to achieve that 50 percent, we're
         targeting about 13,000 customers. I could
20
21
         confirm that.
22
    Q
         Okay.
23
         (Peters) Of new users.
    Α
24
                   CMSR. BAILEY: All right. Thank you.
```

1 That's all I have. 2 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Commissioner 3 Giaimo. BY CMSR. GIAIMO: 4 5 And the opinion of Eversource is that's 6 realistic, to be able to get to that 13,000 7 number for 2019? (Peters) It is. We've done significant 8 Α 9 marketing in 2018 and achieved good increases 10 due to that marketing. And we're now looking 11 to build upon that. So, we've talked with the 12 marketing folks and the data folks. 13 Okay. 14 (Peters) And it will be a challenge, but it's 15 one that we think we can achieve. 16 Q So, as I read the Settlement, there were 17 numerous times when it sounds like a consultant 18 will be hired. Is there -- has there been 19 thought as to whether or not there could be one 20 consultant hired for multiple tasks? I think 21 that would help the left hand and right hand 22 know what's going on, and maybe there would be 23 an economy of scale and a bidding benefit. Has 24 that been thought out? Or, was the thinking

that each is an individual consultant? You didn't think there would be multiple consultants and no overlap?

A (Stachow) Let me try and answer that as best I can. We have not sat down and thought about a coordinated response in the form of consultants. However, Staff currently benefit from SERA. That's the association that Lisa -
[Court reporter interruption.]

CONTINUED BY THE WITNESS:

A (Stachow) -- Lisa Skumatz manages, a consulting organization. And they provide input to Staff and to others on a variety of ongoing projects at present. And to that extent, they help to cross-fertilize and share understanding of issues across different projects that are being pursued at present.

So, in a small way, that's an attempt to try and address that idea.

20 BY CMSR. GIAIMO:

Q Okay. Thank you. The \$250,000 discussed on Page 14 of the Settlement, which is the additional 155,000, and then the 95,000 budget, are those caps? Is that a ceiling?

1	А	(Peters) The 250,000 was the total number that
2		we plan to budget in 2019 and 2020 combined for
3		the stakeholder consultant. The consultants
4		for the other studies that we were just talking
5		about would be separate.
6	Q	Okay. As I thumb through the Settlement, and
7		now I'm on Page 15, and this is a simple
8		question. And I want to make sure, is there a
9		meeting of the minds with respect to what is
10		referred to as "limited changes" going forward?
11	A	(Peters) We believe so. We did make an effort
12		here to lay out the specific items that would
13		be looked at and contained within the 2020
14		Update. There is some language on Page 16
15		indicating that "data requestswill be
16		limited to existing programs, budgets,
17		revenues, savings targets and associated
18		information and topics contained in the filing
19		such as Performance Incentives."
20		But we did also note that it's not
21		intended to limit the Settling Parties from
22		discussing or implementing additional items,

23

24

should be.

if, by mutual agreement, we conclude that they

```
1
              So, we are looking at the volume of work
 2
         to be done, and trying to ensure that we can
 3
         jointly do all of it, but noting that you can't
 4
         always predict every item that might come up in
 5
         the future.
 6
         So, quite optimistic?
 7
    Α
         (Peters) Optimistic.
         All right. I wondered if anyone else wanted
 8
9
         to --
10
         (Stachow) I can simply add that I think
    Α
11
         everybody understood the tremendous volume of
12
         work that has to be done, because we have two
13
         parallel tracks, in effect. And so, I think
14
         everyone is aware that the more time that we
15
         devote to the 2020 Plan, there will be a
16
         cost/benefit in terms of the time and effort we
17
         can devote towards the longer term triennium.
18
    Α
         (Loiter) And if I could, Commissioner? I love
19
         that, from OCA's perspective, the Performance
20
         Incentive is a topic of interest, and there's a
21
         commitment to, to the extent that consensus can
22
         be reached, that that would be factored into
23
         the Plan as well. So, I think that's an
```

important inclusion for us.

24

1	Q	Okay. Thank you. My understanding of the
2		Settlement is that the non-wires alternative
3		discussion, why there are other venues that
4		could be done, in the short term that it won't
5		be that it's not included as part of the
6		Settlement Agreement. And with respect to
7		planning, I just want to make sure I understand
8		that right, for the 20 for the current plan,
9		and that nothing precludes non-wires
10		alternatives from being part of the next plan?
11	А	(Peters) So, the Settlement says that it will
12		not be reviewed in the context of the 2019 or
13		2020 Plan Updates. We could talk we're
14		going to be talking about the goals and the
15		programs related to the next triennium, which
16		could include probably any number of things.
17	Q	So, while nothing is while it will not be a
18		part of this Settlement, nothing precludes it
19		from being a part of the next plan, the
20		2021/2022/2023 Plan?
21	А	(Peters) There would be a whole process for
22		discussion, and it would not be precluded from
23		that.
2 4		CMSR. GIAIMO: Thank you. That's all

1 I got.

2 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I have a couple of quick ones.

BY CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG:

- Q Can someone give me a plan English description of what the Potential Study will be looking at, what question is it looking to answer?
- A (Peters) The Potential Study is related to the potential that exists in New Hampshire for achieving energy savings. And so, that study needs to be scoped still be the EM&V Working Group, which will start in the early part of 2019. So, the types of savings that that study may be looking at is something that will be decided through the scoping process. But it will be looking at the potential to achieve energy savings in New Hampshire.

And I don't know if --

A (Stachow) I would just -- I would just add to that, to give you an idea -- I would just add to that, that to give you an idea, you might take a look at the 2008 VIC GDS Study that was performed, which was essentially the last potential study that was done in New Hampshire.

```
1
    Q
         And the premise is that at some point the
 2
         next -- saving the next unit is too expensive
 3
         to make it worth it. And you're looking at the
 4
         costs and benefits and trying to look out in
 5
         the future to see where those meet and cross.
         (Stachow) Yes.
 6
    Α
 7
         Mr. Loiter, --
         (Stachow) Oh.
 8
    Α
9
         -- you look like you're ready to add something
10
         as well.
11
         (Loiter) Yes. You have it right. Typically, a
    Α
12
         potential study does perceive
13
         measure-by-measure and tries to capture all of
14
         the potential efficiency measures that are
15
         available, that are applicable. What do they
16
         cost?
                What do they save? Are they
17
         cost-effective? And then, how reasonable is it
18
         to make them happen in the market? And, you
19
         know, that usually proceeds based on some
20
         combination of what has been achieved in the
21
         past via "best practice" programs, if you will,
22
         and some prognostication about the future,
23
         about the way the world is changing and how
24
         customers are going to respond and participate
```

But it does include cost-effectiveness, I

1 in programs.

Α

think that was the key part of your question.

Thank you. With respect to the low-income programs, can someone give me, again, a plain English description of how our low-income citizens, as ratepayers or as renters who don't pay their own rates, how they benefit from the programs?

(Peters) So, the income eligible program, the low-income program, is a whole-house weatherization program that is operated through the Community Action Agencies. So, the work that's performed for the low-income customers starts with a full energy audit of the home or the apartment, their dwelling, and then consists of implementing all of the cost-effective work that is related -- that has been identified in that energy audit. So, it reduces heating fuel use, it reduces electric use throughout the home. And there is a goal with the Community Action Agencies that we go into the home and do as much work as we're able to at one time, so that that customer is

receiving the full amount of benefit that they can kind of all within one job.

For the utility program, there is a cap of \$8,000 that's applied to that job. If there's a heating system needed, that could increase to also accommodate a heating system in the home. This program also combines with the Federal Weatherization Program. So, the Community Action Agencies have funding from both our program and the federal program. They work to combine that funding, to leverage it when possible. So, the goal is really to achieve the most benefit you can for that income eligible customer while you're there doing work in their house.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you. That's helpful.

I think, before turning it back to counsel for redirect, we're going to take our break, and then have whatever supplemental information that can be provided with respect to the open issues by this panel, we'll do that, see if we have any follow-up, and then turn it back for redirect. Does that make

1	sense to you?
2	Oh, thank you. I see nodding heads.
3	That's always encouraging.
4	Let's go off the record for a minute.
5	[Brief off-the-record discussion
6	ensued.]
7	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Back on the
8	record. We're going to take our lunch break.
9	We will return at one o'clock.
10	(Lunch recess taken at 11:57
11	a.m. and the hearing resumed at
12	1:07 p.m.)
13	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. When
14	we broke, we, in part, did that to allow the
15	witnesses to get some information that we asked
16	about before the break.
17	Ms. Peters, are you going to be
18	taking the lead here or is Mr. Fossum going to
19	ask you some questions to get this out? How
20	are we going to do this?
21	WITNESS PETERS: I think it was
22	Matthew was going to ask me some questions.
23	MR. FOSSUM: Oh. All right.
24	Clearly, I planned to ask questions.

```
1
         Certainly, if you're ready, I guess I'll do
 2
         that.
 3
    BY MR. FOSSUM:
 4
         Ms. Peters, when you were being questioned from
    Q
 5
         the Bench, do you recall a question or actually
 6
         a series of questions relating to the goals for
 7
         the 2019 Plan?
         (Peters) Yes.
 8
    Α
9
         And do you recall being asked about the
    Q
10
         additional dollars that are identified in the
11
         Settlement Agreement that will be added to what
12
         had been proposed in the initial Plan?
13
         (Peters) Yes.
14
         And do you recall being asked how the addition
15
         of those dollars increases the percentage of
16
         savings that are expected for 2019?
17
    Α
         (Peters) I do. So, the savings, as we
18
         discussed previously, for 2019 will increase
19
         with the additional dollars. Get closer to the
20
         mike. And so, the savings as a percent of 2014
         sales will increase from 1 percent to
21
22
         1.019 percent.
              In addition to that, however, so that's a
23
```

small increase in the kWh annual savings, as I

24

noted before, there is a portion of those additional dollars going into the residential programs, many of which are fuel-neutral and primarily saves MMBtus of oil and propane and other fuels. So, there's additional MMBtu savings being achieved.

There are an additional 86 low-income customers that will be served from the additional funds, as well as the 200,000 that will go to training activities for the low-income contractors. This has been identified by the Parties as a bit of a bottleneck in that program as a need to be addressed in order to continue ramping up that program. So that will be an important element of that additional funding.

And then, there's the demand reduction initiative, which does not contribute to the kWh savings, but will be our pilot on kW savings.

CMSR. BAILEY: Thank you.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. Now, I think, do you have any redirect for the panel?

MR. FOSSUM: I do. And I will -- I 1 2 quess I can preface it by saying there was some 3 discussion during the lunch break about one of the exhibits that has not yet been offered, and 4 5 that this panel would be the more appropriate 6 panel to address that exhibit in the first 7 instance. I raised that with most of the other 8 9 parties. 10 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Have at it. If 11 it causes us to ask questions on it, it's one 12 of the cool things, we can do that. 13 MR. FOSSUM: Then, that's what we 14 will do. 15 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 16 BY MR. FOSSUM: 17 I'll direct to Ms. Peters or Ms. Carroll. 18 you familiar with what has been premarked for 19 identification as "Exhibit 20"? 20 (Peters) Yes. 21 And do you have that document in front of you? (Peters) Yes, I do. 22 23 Could you please explain what it is that 24 Exhibit 20 is and what it is that it shows?

A (Peters) Certainly. Exhibit 20 includes revised versions -- I'll move the whole thing closer. Exhibit 20 includes revised versions of the number of the attachments to the 2019 Update.

The first of which, on Bates 1, is the revised version of the statewide goals for 2019. It's actually on that page that you can see, in the second column, the annual kWh savings, for the electric programs,
"109,897,304". And if you compare that to the same page from the original filing, you'll see that increase in the kWh goals.

Bates Page 4 is the start of the revised

Attachment C the 2019 Update, which is "Utility

Budgets by Activity". So, information broken

down by utility, by program, and by activity.

Bates Page 8 of Exhibit 20 is the revised

Attachment D from the 2019 Update, which shows

"Customer Served, Program Budgets,

and...Savings", by company and by program.

And then we have the revised cost-effectiveness sheets for each utility.

So, these are the cost-effectiveness

1 calculations. They include, for the electric 2 utilities, the increased funding that we've 3 discussed previously, and for the nat -- and for both the electric and the natural gas 4 5 companies, the benefits reflect the removal of 6 reliability from the benefit/cost test. 7 Eversource cost-effectiveness begins on Bates 8 Page 13; sorry, Liberty begins on Page 18, 9 Liberty/Electric; New Hampshire Electric Co-op 10 begins on Page 23; Unitil/Electric begins on 11 Page 28; Liberty/Gas begins on Page 33; and 12 Unitil/Electric begins -- oh, sorry, Unitil/Gas 13 begins on Page 38. 14 So, would it be fair to say this document is an 15 update of a series of attachments, and that the 16 updates were necessitated by the addition of 17 the funding that's specified in the Settlement 18 Agreement. Is that a correct statement? 19 (Peters) Correct. Both by the addition of the Α 20 funding and the change to the benefit/cost 21 modeling related to reliability that was agreed 22 upon in the Settlement. 23 I'd like to direct your attention, Ms. Peters,

to two specific -- well, you and Ms. Carroll,

24

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1
         to two specific pages just very quickly.
 2
         Looking at Bates Page 13, could you point out
 3
         where the funding is identified for the demand
 4
         response initiative that was discussed in your
 5
         summation of the Settlement Agreement this
         morning?
 6
 7
    Α
         (Peters) Yes. Looking at the bottom of the
 8
         main box, three lines up, just above the
9
         "Sub-Total for Commercial & Industrial", you'll
10
         see a line called "Large Business DR
11
         Initiative", you'll see the "250,000" in the
         "Utility Costs" line. And you'll see that
12
13
         there are no savings or benefits included in
14
         the benefit/cost model for that pilot for
15
         Eversource. In the "Number of Customers
16
         Served" column, you'll see that we're
17
         anticipating serving ten customers with that
18
         pilot.
19
         Ms. Carroll, looking at what has been -- what
20
         is on Bates Page 28, which I believe is a
21
         similar schedule for Unitil, is there a similar
         line item for that?
22
23
         (Carroll) No, there is not. The costs for the
    Α
24
         DR Initiative for Unitil is contained in the
```

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1
         line for the "Large Business Energy Solutions"
         Program, which is the first line item at the
 2
 3
         start of the "Commercial, Industrial &
         Municipal" section of this spreadsheet.
 4
 5
              And if you look over at "Utility Costs",
 6
         the third column over, that's where those costs
 7
         are. And if you compare that figure in this
         Update to the one in the original Plan, you'll
 8
         see that there's been an increase in the
9
10
         budget.
11
                   MR. FOSSUM: Thank you. That's all I
12
         had for this group on that exhibit.
13
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: And do you have
14
         any other redirect?
15
                   MR. FOSSUM: No, I do not.
16
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Do any of the
         other counsel out there have redirect for
17
18
         witnesses in this panel?
19
                   Mr. Buckley.
20
                   MR. BUCKLEY: Thank you, Mr.
21
         Chairman. Just a brief clarification of a
22
         couple of points.
23
    BY MR. BUCKLEY:
24
         Mr. Loiter, Commissioner Bailey asked you about
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the National Standards Practice Manual, and you went through some explanation of where you understood had been applied previously. And you've given the Rhode Island example. Are there other examples of states that have either applied the National Standards Practice Manual and moved towards the Resource Value Framework or a state-specific test, or maybe are evaluating that pathway? (Loiter) Yes. And in my testimony, on Page 21, Α I also mention that Connecticut is pursuing a similar kind of approach. And so, there will be, you know, further effort to apply this in other states in New England as examples. And there's also I think, maybe on Page 21 of Q your testimony, would it be fair to say that Minnesota has also moved towards this evaluation? (Loiter) Yes. Minnesota, yes.

And just to clarify one more point, there was some discussion back and forth about whether the application of the National Standards

Practice Manual, as applied to EE via the process set forth in the Settlement Agreement,

whether that would apply more broadly to DERs. And you had given an example of the fact that Rhode Island had sort of endeavored to have one equal playing field of a sort of system. Are you aware of any publications which are maybe in the planning stages, which might shed some light on whether this particular application of the National Standards Practice Manual would necessarily apply to all DERs?

A (Loiter) Right. Yes. The entity that sort of sponsored the development of the NSPM, it's called "E4TheFuture". And they are also pursuing a more broadly applicable piece of guidance that would help with applying a consistent framework across multiple types of resources.

But I think it's important to echo what

Ms. Peters said earlier, which is, at this

time, it's important to stay focused on

efficiency here, and, you know, get it sorted

here. But more complicated -- obviously, it's

more complicated as you draw the boundaries

broader. But, when the time comes, there's

likely to be additional guidance available.

Q And one further follow-up relative to a question that I think was asked by Commissioner Giaimo regarding the non-wires alternative, the disposition of that from, as you know, the OCA submitted some testimony relative to that, and your testimony mentions it as well, and there's a provision in the Settlement Agreement.

I'm wondering if you'd just very briefly summarize exactly what's going on there?

- A Right. In the Settlement Agreement, in Section L, and again Ms. Peters did touch on this, but just to amplify it. That part of the Agreement is that the next least cost IRP filings will include a "grid needs assessment", and that will help, again, advance the cause of understanding how efficiency can serve as a non-wires alternative. And we think this is, you know, a good first step and look forward to seeing that information.
- And, Mr. Loiter, is it your understanding and interpretation of the Settlement Agreement that it would preclude pursuit of non-wires alternatives or a non-wires alternative pilot elsewhere outside of the 2019 or '20 Updates?

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1
    Α
         (Loiter) I don't believe that's precluded, no.
 2
                   MR. BUCKLEY: Thank you. That's all
 3
         I have.
                    CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Anything else
 4
 5
         for the panel?
 6
                    MR. DEXTER: I had one question for
 7
         or two questions for Mr. Stachow.
                    CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Go ahead, Mr.
 8
         Dexter.
9
10
    BY MR. DEXTER:
11
         Mr. Stachow, there was some questions from the
12
         Bench today about whether or not any particular
13
         issues substantively had been settled in this
14
         Settlement concerning the next triennium.
15
         Could you give your interpretation of the
16
         Settlement as to what's binding on the next
17
         Triennial?
18
    Α
         (Stachow) Yes. My understand is that all the
19
         parties will work --
20
                         [Court reporter interruption.]
    CONTINUED BY THE WITNESS:
21
22
         (Stachow) My understanding is that all the
23
         Parties will work collectively towards reaching
24
         the -- developing the design and reaching a
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consensus on the '21-23 Plan. And that no one
 1
         is precluded from raising an issue about the
 2
 3
         design and implementation of that Plan.
 4
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Let's go off the
 5
         record before the next question.
                         [Brief off-the-record discussion
 6
 7
                         ensued.]
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Back on the
 8
9
         record.
                 Mr. Dexter.
10
                   MR. DEXTER: Thank you.
11
    BY MR. DEXTER:
12
         And what you just said is, in fact, included in
13
         the Settlement at Page 14, would you agree with
14
         that?
15
    Α
         (Stachow) Yes.
16
                   MR. DEXTER: Thank you. That's all I
17
         have.
18
                   WITNESS STACHOW: May I just make one
19
         more comment?
20
                   MR. DEXTER: Yes.
21
                   WITNESS STACHOW: If that's
22
         appropriate?
23
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Sure. Mr.
24
         Dexter wants to know if you have any further
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{DE 17-136} {12-17-18}

1 comment? WITNESS STACHOW: Thank you. 2 Thank 3 you, Commissioner. BY THE WITNESS: 4 5 (Stachow) I just -- I remember that there was a 6 concern expressed about the multiplicity of 7 work groups and the time-consuming nature of these work groups and whether they would 8 9 achieve their objectives. 10 And if I may express a personal opinion 11 here, I believe that the working groups were 12 instrumental in enabling us to cover much more 13 ground much more rapidly, learn to understand 14 each other's concerns, tried to reach across 15 the table to address those concerns, and come 16 up with recommendations. 17 And I'd like for the Commission to keep 18 that in mind, perhaps, going forward. 19 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. 20 Mr. Burke, what can I do for you? 21 MR. BURKE: If you don't mind, Mr. Chairman, I just have one follow-up question, 22

based on a comment that was just raised about

the Agreement and what it speaks to in regard

23

24

[WITNESSES: Peters|Carroll|Loiter|Stachow]

1	to the next 3-Year Plan?
2	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Okay.
3	MR. BURKE: It's a question, sorry,
4	not a comment.
5	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Okay. Go ahead.
6	MR. BURKE: My apologies.
7	RECROSS-EXAMINATION
8	BY MR. BURKE:
9	Q Ms. Peters, if you don't mind, if I could just
L 0	call your attention to Page 6 of the Settlement
L1	Agreement, Section C.
L2	A (Peters) Yes.
L 3	Q Can you explain the last sentence on that page
L 4	and provide your understanding of what impact,
L 5	if any, that sentence has on the next
L 6	triennium?
L 7	A (Peters) Certainly. So, we discussed
L 8	previously that any underspent funds in the
L 9	low-income program will be carried forward into
20	the future year. In 2019 and 2020, those
21	unspent funds, should they exist, would be in
22	addition to the 17 percent minimum that's been
23	agreed to.
Э Д	Looking forward to the next triennium

[WITNESSES: Peters|Carroll|Loiter|Stachow]

1	there's a possibility that that 17 percent
2	could change or be described in a different
3	way, and so we used language that says "or
4	other agreed upon program budget parameters in
5	future triennium plans." The intention being
6	that, you know, if perhaps in the year 2020
7	there was an underspend, that would be carried
8	forward and applied in a similar manner in the
9	future triennium.
10	MR. BURKE: Thank you.
11	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. If
12	there's nothing else for this panel, they can
13	return to their seats.
14	Who's going to be coming up here
15	next?
16	MR. TAYLOR: My recollection is that
17	the Commission wanted to hear from Mr. Palma to
18	address some issues that this panel could not
19	address.
20	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: That would be a
21	good thing to do now.
22	[Brief off-the-record discussion
23	ensued.]
24	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG. Would von swear

1 the witness in please, Mr. Patnaude. 2 (Whereupon **Thomas Palma** was duly 3 sworn by the Court Reporter.) 4 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Taylor. 5 THOMAS PALMA, SWORN 6 DIRECT EXAMINATION 7 BY MR. TAYLOR: Good afternoon, Mr. Palma. Could you please 8 state for the record your name, the Company 9 10 that you work for, your position, and what you 11 do in furtherance of that position. 12 My name is Thomas Palma. I work for Unitil 13 Service Corp. My title is Manager of 14 Distributed Energy Resources. And I work as a 15 manager in the Energy Efficiency Department on 16 program design and planning, as well as I work 17 with demand programs and distributed 18 generation. 19 And, Mr. Palma, you may recall from the 20 previous panel some questions regarding the 21 Demand Response Demonstration Initiative that's 22 referenced on Page 6 of the Settlement 23 Agreement? 24 I do recall the questions, but it would be Α

{DE 17-136} {12-17-18}

1 helpful if they were repeated. Well, you've been identified or you have the 2 Q 3 privilege of being identified as the person who's best to answer the Commission's 4 5 questions. And so, do you feel that you can 6 answer those questions? 7 To the best of my ability, yes, I can. Α 8 MR. TAYLOR: No further questions. 9 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. Mr. 10 Palma, we appreciate your doing this 11 on-the-fly. You can take it up with Ms. Peters 12 later. 13 Commissioner Giaimo. 14 CMSR. GIAIMO: Good afternoon. 15 WITNESS PALMA: Good afternoon. 16 CMSR. GIAIMO: Thank you for being 17 here. 18 BY CMSR. GIAIMO: 19 The majority of my -- the focus of my question 20 was, would it be envisioned that this pilot 21 would participate in the wholesale markets? 22 Would you imagine that these would be bid into 23 the energy market and potentially participate 24 in the capacity market, and other ancillary

{DE 17-136} {12-17-18}

markets as well?

A So, this particular pilot is modeled after the two years of demonstrations in Massachusetts, as well as Massachusetts Program Administrator just filed to have demand -- C&I demand be regular offerings in the 2019 to '21 Plan.

The model we use down there, I've been on the demand team in Massachusetts for the whole time, is that we use a concept of "stackable" benefits or "stackable" revenue streams for customers. And the last stack is the utility incentive, to sort of cap off the top. And in all these different streams, the customers may be asked or really volunteer to do something different as far as shedding their load. And for us, we're following the ISO -- we're really looking at the ICAP. So, it's roughly six days per year, mostly in the summer, and three hours at a time. So, we're really looking at about 18 hours per customer.

So, to answer your question, we decided in Massachusetts, and I believe we're following suit in New Hampshire, we're letting the customers deal with bidding into the markets.

1 It got to be too complex for us to work with 2 those as a group in Massachusetts. And that's 3 why we've made our incentive to be at a level, kind of assuming that they're going to do that 4 5 anyway. And that we're really the icing on the 6 cap -- on the cap, ICAP, to make -- have them 7 benefit by joining us in doing an ICAP program, versus what other programs that they have lined 8 9 up. 10 That's very helpful. Ms. Peters just mentioned 11 that she believes -- or, that Eversource 12 believes they will have ten customers 13 participating. Do you have any number with 14 respect to how many UES customers? 15 It could be between four and six, roughly. It 16 really depends. The first customer could be 17 the biggest -- a big customer that we're not 18 thinking of that could take up the whole 19 budget. So, it's really -- it's sort of we're 20 just getting into it now, so we're sort of in 21 that four to six range. 22 Okay. And as you are not necessarily going to 23 aggregate for bidding into the wholesale 24 product [market?], you don't necessarily have

```
1
         to worry about whether or not your resources
 2
         are in the same dispatch zone. And these are
 3
         the Seacoast and the Capitol District are --
         Makes no difference.
 4
    Α
                         [Court reporter interruption.]
 5
    BY CMSR. GIAIMO:
 6
 7
         So, the two zones, the Seacoast and the rest of
         New Hampshire are two different zones?
 8
 9
         That is correct.
10
                    CMSR. GIAIMO: That's it.
11
                    CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. I
12
         think Commissioner Bailey has questions related
13
         to predicting the cap -- I'm sorry --
14
         predicting the peak.
15
    BY CMSR. BAILEY:
16
    Q
         So, can you tell me how the peak is predicted
17
         in Massachusetts?
18
         I can honestly tell you I am not that familiar
19
         with that piece. But I do know that the
20
         companies, the vendors themselves have
         analytics that do the work, as well as there
21
22
         are consultants that a couple of the program
23
         administrators in Massachusetts have hired.
24
         And it's basically along the lines of what I'm
```

```
1
         describing here is similar to what Mr. Loiter
 2
         said when he was on the panel, that the
 3
         methodologies aren't -- they're not brand new,
 4
         they have been around for a while. But Unitil,
         itself, doesn't have the expertise to do that.
 5
 6
         Does Unitil pay for that expertise?
 7
    Α
         So, Unitil has not -- we actually had a
 8
         discussion with one of our vendors last week,
9
         as well as one of the other vendors, and we
10
         would be getting, if we chose to go through
11
         that vendor, we would not have to pay. If we
12
         chose to go through a consultant, we would have
13
         to pay.
14
         So, who hires the vendors?
15
         So, the vendors are hired by -- so, the vendors
    Α
16
         work for, you know, we put a vendor on the
17
         contract, and the vendor that we're looking at,
18
         or vendors, hopefully bring something to the
19
         table, which is customers that they're already
20
         doing something with, which is some other ISO
21
         program. And they have -- some of these
22
         vendors have contractual relationships already,
23
         so they bring -- they then get hired by us.
24
         And some vendors do it one way and some do it
```

another way. They like to get paid, right?

One of our vendors will take our incentive, and then they split off a portion and give it to the customer. But the big money for the customer in savings is hitting the ICAP. It's not so much that our incentive is the biggest chunk of it.

Another vendor that we work with actually would pass through the whole incentive, but they take a percentage of the ICAP savings.

So, vendors do it different ways. I'm only familiar with those two vendors that we're working with today.

- Q So, the way the program works, the C&I customers interested in reducing their capacity tag, and they hire the vendor and --
- A It could go either way. The vendor could do marketing out to those customers, and they would do it with -- so, there's really -- it's a double hire. In other words, we'll hire the vendor, because we have internal contractual obligations, as far as indemnity and other reasons why we want to put people under contract, plus to agree on why are we going to

{DE 17-136} {12-17-18}

pay them this incentive that they're then going to take and pass through. So, that's vendor one. But they also sign a contract with the customer, which is normally a three-year contract, sometimes two years.

So, it's not much different than we do in energy efficiency, where sometimes, you know, we hire small business vendors, Unitil does, and have them under contract. But then, when they get an actual project, they put the customer under contract. So, it's a similar -- it's not an unusual arrangement.

- Q So, what Unitil does to promote this is offers an incentive?
- 15 A Yes.

- 16 Q In addition to the reduction that comes along
 17 with reducing your capacity tag?
 - A Assuming the customer -- assuming whoever's doing the calling hits the capacity tag hour, as well as the customer does the shedding on that particular hour. So, if they decided, of the six days we called, to take one day off, they could be throwing away a big bulk of the funds that they could make. But, if they have

```
1
         a business reason to take that day off, you
 2
         know, they make potato chips, and that's the
 3
         potato chip day, then they have to do what they
         have to do.
 4
 5
         Do you let customers -- no. So, you -- strike
 6
         that.
 7
                   CMSR. BAILEY: I think I understand.
         Thank you.
 8
9
    BY CMSR. GIAIMO:
10
         So, what type of measures would one of your
11
         customers do under the program? Would it be
12
         aggregating lighting load, so that, when the
13
         peak is called, every third light bulb goes
14
               What do you imagine the program looking
15
         like with respect to what a customer
16
         expectation would be?
17
         There are some lighting, you know, there may be
18
         a way to dim the lights, or, if they want to
19
         get sophisticated, they could put in more
20
         controls than what they already have. But, if
21
         you're really looking at this as a new
22
         investment, if a customer looks and says "since
23
         there's no capital investment, we're not doing
24
         anything like that", you would be shifting like
```

```
1
         manufacturing runs to Saturday, and they have
         to pay time and a half for a few people, but
 2
 3
         they're shifting off -- they're basically
         shedding off around those hours as much as
 4
 5
         possible. It could be lighting, it could be
 6
                       They could, you know, decide, you
         compressors.
 7
         know, "we don't need compressed air today,
         let's push it off a few hours." It's a
 8
9
         mixture.
10
                   CMSR. GIAIMO: Thank you.
    CONTINUED BY THE WITNESS:
11
12
         So, everyone has a specific plan. And that's
13
         where the vendors help out, as well as we do.
14
                   CMSR. GIAIMO: Thanks again for being
15
         here.
16
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. I
17
         don't have any additional questions. I assume
18
         no one else does, although I suspect
         Mr. Sheehan and Ms. Tebbetts have been
19
20
         listening carefully to what you've been saying.
                   Thank you, Mr. Palma. I think you
21
22
         can return to your seat.
23
                   Who's next?
                   MR. FOSSUM: I believe, to the
24
```

{DE 17-136} {12-17-18}

1	Chairman of "what would be next?", would be
2	those witnesses who are not part of the panel,
3	but whose testimony needs to be adopted, just
4	in case there are any questions for them.
5	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
6	Let's go off the record.
7	[Brief off-the-record discussion
8	ensued.]
9	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
10	We've got the four witnesses who sponsored
11	testimony that are Exhibits 13, 14, 16, and 17.
12	Mr. Dexter, would you walk these
13	witnesses through the process, after
14	Mr. Patnaude swears them in.
15	MR. DEXTER: Yes.
16	(Whereupon Ellen Hawes ,
17	Madeleine Mineau,
18	Elizabeth R. Nixon, and
19	James J. Cunningham, Jr. were
20	duly sworn by the Court
21	Reporter.)
22	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Dexter.
23	MR. DEXTER: Thank you.
24	ELLEN HAWES SWORN

1	MADELEINE MINEAU, SWORN
2	ELIZABETH R. NIXON, SWORN
3	JAMES J. CUNNINGHAM, JR., SWORN
4	DIRECT EXAMINATION
5	BY MR. DEXTER:
6	Q I'm going to start with Mr. Cunningham, because
7	I think the witnesses have seated themselves in
8	numerical order according to their exhibits, if
9	I start at that end.
10	So, starting with Mr. Cunningham, and I'm
11	going to ask one question, and then I would ask
12	you all four to answer it sequentially. Could
13	you please state your name, your employer, and
14	your position please. Mr. Cunningham?
15	A (Cunningham) My name is James J. Cunningham,
16	Junior. And my position here is a Utility
17	Analyst in the Electric Division.
18	A (Nixon) My name is Elizabeth R. Nixon. I'm a
19	Utility Analyst at the Public Utilities
20	Commission in the Electric Division.
21	A (Mineau) My name is Madeleine Mineau. I'm the
22	Executive Director of the New Hampshire
23	Sustainable Energy Association.
2 4	A (Hawes) My name is Ellen Hawes I'm a Senior

```
1
         Policy Analyst for Acadia Center.
         And did you, all four of you, submit prefiled
 2
    Q
 3
         testimony in this proceeding?
          (Cunningham) Yes, we did. I did.
 4
    Α
          (Nixon) Yes, I did.
 5
 6
          (Mineau) Yes.
    Α
 7
    Α
          (Hawes) Yes.
 8
         And do you have any corrections to make to that
    Q
         testimony at this time?
9
10
          (Cunningham) No, I do not.
    Α
          (Nixon) No, I do not.
11
12
          (Mineau) No.
    Α
13
          (Hawes) No.
14
         And if I were to ask you the questions
15
         contained in your prefiled direct testimony at
16
         this time, would your answers be the same as
17
         those contained therein?
          (Cunningham) Yes, they would.
18
    Α
19
          (Nixon) Yes.
    Α
20
          (Mineau) Yes.
21
          (Hawes) Yes, they would.
    Α
22
    Q
         And do you adopt those answers as your sworn
23
         testimony in this proceeding?
24
          (Cunningham) Yes, I do.
    Α
```

{DE 17-136} {12-17-18}

```
1
    Α
          (Nixon) Yes, I do.
 2
    Α
          (Mineau) Yes, I do.
 3
         (Hawes) Yes, I do.
    Α
 4
                   MR. DEXTER: Well, that completes my
 5
         questions.
                    CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you all.
 6
 7
         We have no questions for you. We appreciate
         your doing this.
 8
                   Mr. Fossum, we ready for the second
9
10
         panel now, what you referred to earlier as the
         "second panel"?
11
12
                    MR. FOSSUM: Second, third, whatever.
                    CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Whatever.
13
14
                    MR. FOSSUM: But, yes.
15
                    CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Patnaude,
16
         would you do the honors please.
17
                         (Whereupon Christopher J.
18
                         Goulding, Karen M. Asbury,
19
                         Heather M. Tebbetts, and
20
                         Carol M. Woods were duly sworn
21
                         by the Court Reporter.)
22
                    CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
23
         Who's going to be taking the lead on
24
         questioning? Mr. Fossum?
```

```
1
                   MR. FOSSUM:
                                 I suppose so.
 2
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: You may proceed.
 3
                   MR. FOSSUM: So, we'll begin by
 4
         essentially going through the same exercise
 5
         that the last group had gone through.
               CHRISTOPHER J. GOULDING, SWORN
 6
 7
                   KAREN M. ASBURY, SWORN
 8
                 HEATHER M. TEBBETTS, SWORN
                    CAROL M. WOODS, SWORN
9
10
                     DIRECT EXAMINATION
11
    BY MR. FOSSUM:
12
         So, to get everybody on the record, I guess
13
         we'll start with Ms. Tebbetts. And it would be
14
         the same question to you all. Could you please
15
         state your name, your place of employment, and
16
         your responsibilities for the record.
17
         (Tebbetts) Yes. My name is Heather Tebbetts.
18
         And I work for Liberty Utilities Service
19
         Company. I'm the Manager of Rates and
20
         Regulatory Affairs. And my role is strategy
21
         and policy for Granite State Electric and
22
         EnergyNorth Natural Gas.
23
         (Woods) My name is Carol Woods. And I work for
    Α
24
         New Hampshire Electric Cooperative. My
```

position is Energy Solutions Executive. And I am responsible for regulatory support for the Company's energy efficiency programs.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Off the record.

[Brief off-the-record discussion ensued.]

BY THE WITNESS:

- A (Goulding) My name is Christopher Goulding,
 employed by Eversource Energy Company, in
 Manchester, New Hampshire. And I'm in charge
 of the revenue requirement calculations
 associated with the Energy Service rates,
 Stranded Cost Recovery Charge rates, SBC rate,
 and TCAM rate.
- A (Asbury) My name is Karen Asbury. I'm Director of Regulatory Services for Unitil Service Corp. My primary responsibilities include rate calculations and rate-related filings before the Commission.

20 BY MR. FOSSUM:

And for each of you, did you, back on

September 14th, and included in what has been

premarked for identification as "Exhibit 10",

submit testimony?

```
1
    Α
          (Tebbetts) Yes.
 2
    Α
          (Woods) Yes.
 3
          (Goulding) Yes.
    Α
 4
    Α
          (Asbury) Yes.
 5
    Q
         And do you have any changes or updates or
 6
         corrections to that testimony today?
 7
    Α
          (Tebbetts) No.
 8
          (Woods) I don't.
    Α
          (Goulding) No.
9
10
          (Asbury) Unitil made corrections that were part
         of discovery. We revised our electric SBC
11
12
         calculations in response to Staff 2-54. And we
13
         made revisions to the gas rate calculations in
14
         response to Staff 2-36.
15
              And I will note that, for gas, the final
         rate calculations were approved in the
16
17
         Company's cost of gas and Local Distribution
18
         Adjustment Charge filing, and the rate
19
         calculations have been subsequently revised
20
         pursuant to the Settlement.
21
         So, just for clarity, so those I'll call them
22
          "interim" calculations are not -- are not part
23
         of either this initial Plan or the Settlement
24
         or -- or, are not in the Plan and are not part
```

129

```
[WITNESSES: Goulding|Asbury|Tebbetts|Woods]
 1
         of the Settlement specifically?
 2
    Α
         (Asbury) That is correct.
 3
         One last question, I guess, down the line. Do
    Q
         each of you adopt the testimony that was filed
 4
 5
         back with the initial Plan as your testimony
 6
         for this proceeding?
 7
         (Tebbetts) Yes.
    Α
 8
         (Woods) Yes.
    Α
         (Goulding) Yes.
9
    Α
10
         (Asbury) Yes.
    Α
11
         Now, and I'll direct this to the panel, and
    Q
12
         whoever feels can most appropriately answer it,
13
         please do. Well, I guess I'll do this
14
         collectively again down the line, starting with
15
         Ms. Tebbetts again. Did each of you
16
         participate in the settlement discussions and
17
         negotiations that led to the Agreement that is
18
         under review by the Commission today?
```

- 19 A (Tebbetts) Yes.
- 20 A (Woods) Yes.
- 21 A (Goulding) Yes.
- 22 A (Asbury) Yes.
- 23 Q And as part of those settlement discussions and the Settlement that's before the Commission,

```
1
         are you each familiar with the SBC calculations
 2
         that were required?
 3
    Α
         (Tebbetts) Yes.
          (Woods) Yes.
 4
    Α
 5
          (Goulding) Yes.
 6
         (Asbury) Yes.
    Α
 7
         Okay. And now, I'm turning to whoever among
 8
         you might be the most appropriate, rather than
9
         run down the line necessarily. Do you have in
10
         front of you what has been marked for
         identification as "Exhibit 19"?
11
12
         (Tebbetts) Yes.
    Α
13
         (Woods) Yes.
14
         (Goulding) Yes.
15
         And could you please explain what it is that is
    Q
16
         shown on and contained within Exhibit 19?
17
    Α
         (Goulding) Sure. I'll go ahead. What
18
         Exhibit 19 is is, as a result of the budget
19
         change and the SBC change, these are updated
20
         SBC calculations for each of the utilities;
21
         PSNH, Liberty, Unitil, and the Co-op. And then
22
         there's also company bill impacts that were
23
         performed as part of the initial package.
24
         And so, essentially, would it be correct to say
```

```
1
         what's presented here are updated calculations
 2
         of the SB -- calculations that update the
 3
         numbers from the initial filing to take into
         account what occurred in the Settlement?
 4
 5
         (Goulding) That's correct.
 6
         And would -- and these calculations pertain to
    Q
 7
         rates that are requested for the Commission to
 8
         approve, is that correct?
9
         (Goulding) Yes. These are the proposed rates
    Α
10
         for effect January 1st, 2019.
11
         And I suppose I should ask this of each of you.
12
         Is it your position then that the rates as
13
         calculated in Exhibit 19 are just and
14
         reasonable rates and that they should be
15
         approved?
16
    Α
         (Tebbetts) Yes.
17
    Α
         (Woods) Yes.
18
    Α
         (Goulding) Yes.
19
         (Asbury) Yes.
    Α
20
                    MR. FOSSUM: Thank you. That's what
21
         I have for direct.
22
                    CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
23
         any of the others have questions for the panel?
24
                    I see Mr. Sheehan. Anybody else?
```

```
1
                         [No verbal response.]
 2
                    CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Sheehan, you
 3
         may proceed.
 4
                   MR. SHEEHAN:
                                  Thank you.
    BY MR. SHEEHAN:
 5
 6
         Ms. Tebbetts, I just wanted to incorporate
 7
         Liberty's gas rates into this conversation.
 8
         the original filing was a section that included
9
         testimony from Mr. Simek and Ms. McNamara about
10
         adjustments to the LDAC to incorporate what
11
         are, in effect, energy efficiency rates, is
12
         that correct?
13
         (Tebbetts) Yes.
14
         And is it your understanding that the
15
         Commission approved the energy efficiency rates
16
         in the most recent cost of gas filing a couple
17
         months ago?
18
    Α
         (Tebbetts) Yes. Those rates are for effect
19
         November 1st, 2018.
20
         And so, and those would be the rates that
21
         would, in effect, fund the projects, the gas
22
         projects, for this upcoming year?
23
         (Tebbetts) Yes.
    Α
24
                    MR. SHEEHAN:
                                  Thank you.
                                              That's all
```

```
1
         I have.
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: And, Mr. Taylor,
 2
 3
         does Ms. Asbury's earlier answer, in response
 4
         to Mr. Fossum, cover the same ground for
 5
         Unitil?
                   MR. TAYLOR: I believe so. But I'll
 6
 7
         ask -- I'll direct the question to Ms. Asbury.
                   WITNESS ASBURY: Yes. That covers
 8
9
         the same ground.
10
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. Any
11
         other questions for the panel from those out
12
         there among the parties?
13
                   MR. BUCKLEY: No.
14
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Commissioner
15
         Bailey, do you have any questions?
16
    BY CMSR. BAILEY:
17
         Mr. Goulding, since Eversource is on top, can
    Q
18
         you just take me through the schedules at a
19
         high level? So, the first schedule is the new
20
         SBC rate for Eversource, and that's going to be
21
         0.586 cents per kilowatt-hour?
22
         (Goulding) Yes. That's correct.
    Α
23
         Okay. And do you know off the top of your head
24
         what it is right now?
```

```
1
    Α
         (Goulding) 0.455 cents.
 2
    Q
         Okay. And then the next couple of pages are
 3
         just the components of that?
         (Goulding) Yes. It's a reconciliation of 2018
 4
    Α
 5
         activity, and then forecasted 2019 activity.
 6
         That's on Bates Page 002 and Bates Page 003.
 7
         Bates --
         Well, wait. Wait. Before you go on, the
 8
    Q
         reconciliation that's on just Bates Page 002?
9
10
         (Goulding) Yes.
    Α
11
         And you under-collected by 0.275 cents per
    Q
12
         kilowatt-hour?
13
         (Goulding) 0.275 cents was just the energy
14
         efficiency SBC rate in 2018. Then, there was
15
         the 0.150 cents low income EAP portion of the
16
         rate. And I think it was 0.030 was the LBR and
17
         SBC portion, --
18
    Q
         Oh.
19
         (Goulding) -- to get you to the --
    Α
20
                         [Court reporter interruption.]
21
    CONTINUED BY THE WITNESS:
22
         (Goulding) -- 0.455 cents that's currently in
23
         effect.
24
    BY CMSR. BAILEY:
```

- 1 Q So, how does this show the reconciliation on 2 Page 2?
 - A (Goulding) Line 1 to 5 of Page 2 is the total revenues that are coming in, between the SBC revenues, the RGGI revenues, forward capacity revenues, and other revenues. Then you have the "Program Expenses" on Line 6. And then you have the "Current Month (Over)/Under Recovery" on Line 8.

But, if you look down on Line Number 9, all the way at Column N, there's a \$533,000 under recovery. And we have \$148,000 of interest. So, the net under recovery is \$386,000 forecasted for the year.

- 15 Q Is that \$386,000 number somewhere on this page?
- 16 A (Goulding) It's the sum of the 533 and the 148.
- 17 Q So, it's not shown?

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

- 18 A (Goulding) So, Column N, Line 9, plus Column O,

 19 Line 11.
- 20 Q I see those two numbers. But the sum of those two numbers is not on this page?
- 22 A (Goulding) No, it's not.
- 23 Q So, you over -- no. You under-collected by 360 something thousand dollars, is that right?

136 [WITNESSES: Goulding|Asbury|Tebbetts|Woods] 1 Α (Goulding) We're under-collected by \$386,000. 2 That's our forecasted under recovery at the end 3 of the year. 4 And that under recovery is included in next Q 5 year's System Benefit Charge rate? 6 (Goulding) Yes. Α 7 Okay. So, going back to the first page, 0.586 8 is the total System Benefits Charge, which includes energy efficiency, low income, and 9 10 what was the third? Oh, lost base revenue? 11 (Goulding) Yes. Α 12 And what is the rate for just energy Q 13 efficiency? Is that the 0.373? 14 (Goulding) It's the 0.373, which last year 15 was 0.27 -- or, currently is 0.275. 16 CMSR. BAILEY: Okay. All right. 17 Thank you.

18 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Commissioner

19 Giaimo?

20 CMSR. GIAIMO: None.

21 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I have no other

22 questions for the panel.

Do you have any follow-up?

MR. FOSSUM: Just one for

1	Mr. Goulding, I'm hoping it clarifies.	
2	REDIRECT EXAMINATION	
3	BY MR. FOSSUM:	
4	Q Mr. Goulding, looking at Bates Page 002, the	
5	under-collection that you had just discussed	
6	with Commissioner Bailey, you said was how	
7	much was that again, could you remind us?	
8	A (Goulding) \$386,000.	
9	Q Turning to Bates Page 003, is that	
L 0	under-collection shown anywhere on that page?	
L 1	A (Goulding) Yes. In Column B, Line 9, on Bates	
L 2	Page 003, is the \$386,000, that's carrying over	
L 3	from Bates Page 002.	
L 4	Q So, that that number is shown in this	
L 5	calculation as carrying over into next year?	
L 6	A (Goulding) Yes. And it also shows up on Bates	
L 7	Page 001, in Column F.	
L 8	MR. FOSSUM: Thank you.	
L 9	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. I	
20	think all right. So, I think we're done	
21	with this panel. You all can return to your	
22	seats.	
23	There are no other witnesses,	
2 4	correct?	

1 MR. FOSSUM: Correct.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. So, we will, without objection, strike ID on Exhibits 10 through 20.

And if there's nothing else, we will have the parties sum up. And I think what we'll do is we will take the folks on my right, from back to front, and then have the utilities sum up last.

So, Mr. Burke, why don't you start us off.

MR. BURKE: Sure. Thank you. Mr. Chairman, Commissioners, The Way Home supports the Settlement Agreement presented to you today, and respectfully requests that the Commission approve this Agreement.

The Way Home believes that this

Settlement Agreement is just and reasonable and in the public interest, and that the Agreement should be approved for the following reasons:

First, the Agreement will provide needed energy efficiency services for all ratepayers. But, in particular, the Home Energy Assistance

Program will provide necessary weatherization

and energy efficiency services for low-income customers, which will help make their utility bills more affordable.

And, importantly, the 2019 HEA budget has been maintained with a slight increase. And this funding is very much needed, in order to address the large waiting list for low-income weatherization services around the state. And in order to tackle these waiting lists, as you've heard, this Agreement makes clear that, starting in 2018, any HEA funding that is not spent in a given program year will be carried forward to a subsequent program year. And this ensures that the funding dedicated to low-income ratepayers will remain in the HEA Program.

We'd also like to highlight the funding that you heard about for building capacity in the HEA Program. And The Way Home believes that this funding will help New Hampshire reach its low-income energy efficiency goals, and ensure that program funding continues to reach those who need it the most.

1 The HEA Program will also contribute to improved levels of health, safety, and 2 3 comfort for low-income families and 4 individuals. And The Way Home believes that 5 this, the proposal to incorporate a separate 6 low-income adder for 2019 and 2020, ensures 7 that New Hampshire more accurately accounts for 8 these benefits in its cost-effectiveness 9 analysis. 10 The Way Home would like to take this 11 opportunity to thank the utilities, the PUC 12 Staff, and the other Settling Parties for again 13 working together in a separate of compromise 14 and consensus in arriving at this important 15 Settlement Agreement. And we look forward to 16 continue working with the Settling Parties and 17 other stakeholders in 2019, at both the 18 quarterly meetings and in the working groups,

in order to continue building on the

20 achievements that have been made.

Thank you.

22 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you,

Mr. Burke. Ms. Ohler.

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24 Thank you, Mr. Chairman. MS. OHLER:

On behalf of the Department of Environmental Services, we are in complete agreement that the terms of the Settlement are in the best interests — is this not working? — are in the best interests of not only the interests of the various entities here, but for the ratepayers of New Hampshire.

I come at this wearing sort of two hats: One as the current Vice Chair and incoming Chair of the EESE Board, and the other as the staff of the Department of Environmental Services.

And from the EESE Board's

perspective, we appreciate the additional

funding for the stakeholder planning

consultant, which will help the EESE Board

really become the enhanced stakeholder board,

which it is tasked with being. And we look

forward to having a consultant to help the

Board and its EERS Committee with that work.

From the aspect of pollution prevention, particularly supportive of the -- and looking forward to seeing the results of the Energy Optimization Study, otherwise

sometimes it's referred to as "fueling switching" in some areas. In addition to the potential to lower electric rates, energy optimization can have significant environmental benefits. Space heating and water heating using fossil fuels, particularly oil, is a significant source of air pollution, including oxides of nitrogen that contribute to ozone and smog, particulate pollution that can have very direct harmful impacts to local populations, and greenhouse gases that contribute to climate change. Electrifying these sources can reduce emissions of all of these pollutants.

Likewise, with the Demand Response
Pilot Program, a successful demand response
program could have significant emission
reduction potential, due to the fact that the
peaking plants tend to be the older and higher
emitting units. And to the extent that demand
response can reduce the usage of those older
units, it will potentially have significant air
quality benefits.

Thank you.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you, Ms.

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MS. MINEAU:

Ohler. Ms. Mineau.

plants.

Mineau.

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Thank you, Commissioners. NHSEA also supports the Settlement as filed, and urge you to accept it as well. We are particularly enthusiastic about the proposed demand response program. Ms. Ohler just mentioned, peak demand reduction has great benefits, both in reduced system costs, as well as use of the dirtiest peaker

We are also happy to see increased support for low-income energy efficiency programs that will provide benefits to those who have the biggest energy burdens.

As well as the creation of a clear path and schedule for these parties to begin work on the next triennium plan.

And as the incoming Vice Chair of the EESE Board, I also support additional consultant support, so that that Board can do some important work and contribute to the development of the next triennium plan.

> CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you, Ms. Ms. Hawes.

MS. HAWES: Thank you, Commissioners.

Acadia Center fully supports the Settlement

Agreement presented today. We believe the 2019

Plan Update provides a strong foundation for

data and stakeholder support.

We look forward to working with the other Settling Parties in the coming two years to further put New Hampshire on the path towards all cost-effective efficiency.

developing the next 3-Year Plan with adequate

Thank you.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you,
Ms. Hawes. Ms. Birchard.

MS. BIRCHARD: Thank you. As the Consumer Advocate pointed out in the prehearing conference for this matter, New Hampshire's energy efficiency programs are currently not well-ranked; indeed, we are the lowest ranked state in the broader region.

What this means is that we are paying more than we need to, and we are not as healthy and productive as we should be. Our low-income communities are not benefiting as much as they should, and we are simply falling behind.

Mr. Loiter stated on the stand as that other states -- that as other states surpass New Hampshire, we are left paying a higher share of regional grid costs. Those are substantial costs.

Those in this room, and some who are not present, have been working very hard to improve the state's energy efficiency services and offerings. I am optimistic that this hard work is starting to move us towards where we need to be.

There is much more work to do. This

Settlement Agreement today indicates our

collective commitment to continuing this work.

We will do this through working groups, via the

EESE Board and its EERS Committee, and through

additional planning and further negotiations.

It is, frankly, essential that we crack this nut. It is doable, it is necessary, and we are looking forward to making it happen.

The Conservation Law Foundation fully supports this Settlement Agreement now before the Commission, and urges its approval. I won't repeat what those have said before me,

1 but I am in complete agreement.

I would also like to thank the Commission for its resolve to prioritize and strengthen energy efficiency programs in the State of New Hampshire.

Thank you.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you,
Ms. Birchard. Mr. Buckley.

MR. KREIS: Actually, I think Mr. Buckley is going to let me offer a closing peroration, if that would be okay with the Commission. And here it is.

You know, we've already heard that
Shakespeare has counseled against gilding the
lily. But it was another famous Englishman,
Oscar Wilde, who famously observed that
"Romance should never begin with sentiment. It
should begin with science and end with a
settlement". And this little phase of this
docket, the 2019 Plan Update, was such a
romance.

This Settlement carries the state's Energy Efficiency Resource Standard forward, and therefore it warrants approval by the

Commission.

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There are several benefits of note that I would like to highlight that I think are especially good for the residential customers of utilities that my office represents.

The fact that the utilities were willing to revise the budgets upward, to bring them back to where they were back when the utilities were relying on earlier forecasts of That's important, because we can't savings. afford to lose ground in lights of the limitations that House Bill 317 places on the ability of the Commission to increase the System Benefits Charge. And the extra money that has been allocated as a result is well spent on stuff like education, new demand response initiatives, and additional consulting resources for stakeholders, especially the EESE Board, not just because Ms. Mineau is now the Vice Chair, but because the EESE Board is truly well-poised at this point to take on the full responsibility and credibility of being an enhanced stakeholder board.

Carrying forward of underspent monies

in the income eligible programs into future years is really going to help low-income customers.

The fact that the Performance

Incentive Working Group is working on a pilot related to peak demand reduction will be really good for residential customers.

And the fact that the utilities had agreed to pursue, and I love this word, with "rigor" the identification of a consultant to help the Finance & Funding Working Group. We have been in quest, for at least as long as I have been the Consumer Advocate, of new and creative opportunities for leveraging outside sources of funding to supplement the ratepayer funds that we applied to the EERS, and it's been a struggle. And we need to achieve a breakthrough. And I think that that recourse to a consultant might be the path to that breakthrough.

The work of the Evaluation,

Measurement & Verification Working Group goes

forward, it will be hiring a consultant to

review the benefit/cost test, in light of the

National Standard Practices Manual framework.

That is such an important effort. The National Standard Practices Manual is just a fabulous document that really challenges all of us to rethink the way that we assess the costs and the benefits of energy efficiency. And I think that taking a hard look at what the NSPM is asking us to do will be a really valuable effort.

Optimization Study, so that we can incorporate the benefits of fuel switching into our energy efficiency programs and the cost/benefit analysis is really important, as is the fact that there will be an Energy Efficiency Potential Study. Energy efficiency has its skeptics in this state, and the extent to which we can present those skeptics with hard evidence of the potential that energy efficiency has will be all to the good from a residential ratepayer perspective.

Page 14 of the Settlement Agreement says, and I think I'm quoting exactly here, "No party is precluded from raising issues

regarding plans for the next triennium, including whether an independent party should administer the 2021 through 2023 statewide energy efficiency programs." I want to say a few things about that language.

The first thing I want to say is that the Office of the Consumer Advocate has no intention to seek the ouster of the utilities as the program administrators of the Energy Efficiency Resource Standard.

While it's true that third party
administration works well in some of our
neighboring states, it is also true that here,
and elsewhere around the country, the utility
delivery model has a proven record of success.

And it hasn't escaped our notice, not should it escape anyone else's notice, that among those proven success record states is Massachusetts, which happens to be ranked as the number one state for energy efficiency, and it also happens to be a state in which our largest electric utility, as well as Unitil, both operate. So, we have every reason to suppose and assume that the kind of excellence

that Massachusetts has achieved is also achievable here in New Hampshire.

But, to invoke Shakespeare again,
here's the rub: Delivery of energy efficiency
programs is not part of the electric utilities'
or the natural gas utilities' franchises. It's
outside the so-called "utility compact" by
which utilities take on the obligation to serve
customers in exchange for a virtual guarantee
of a return on investment.

So, it is not appropriate for utilities to assume that they simply have the right to administer these programs. They have to earn that right. And you, meaning the Commission, have to conclude that continuing to rely on the utilities as public -- as program administrators is in the public interest.

Also, while we have no plans to try
to effect a paradigm shift with respect to
program administration, there could be room, at
the margins at least, for third party
administration of some System Benefits Charge
funded initiatives. Like, for example,
non-wires alternative projects, speaking of

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which, Section L of the Settlement Agreement, at Page 9, talks about "non-wires alternatives".

We have agreed that non-wires alternatives will not turn up in the 2020 Plan Update. This goes to the concern that Commissioner Giaimo was I think raising, and that I think we might have triggered, that there was some confusion going into this update docket or this update phase of the current docket about what was in the scope of this update. The "what's in the scope?" question has been helpfully clarified in the Settlement Agreement. And I think that, in the 2020 Update a year from now, there will be essentially no disputes about what's in scope and what's out of scope, because, by a year from now, the chief focus will have suitably and appropriately turned to what we'll be doing in the next triennium.

In the meantime, though, with respect to non-wires alternatives, they're off the table here. The prefiled testimony on that subject we commissioned from Mr. Neme is not

going to be in the record, but make no mistake, that testimony and that issue will be back.

Section L of the Settlement Agreement says that non-wires alternatives are an appropriate issue that "may be reviewed in rate cases, in Least Cost Integrated Resource Plan proceedings, the grid modernization" docket, should that particular Santa Claus come down the regulatory chimney, and "dockets dedicated to reviewing specific NWA proposals". You can expect and assume NWAs to turn up in all of the above.

They have great potential to deliver benefits to residential utility customers and utility customers generally.

A couple of other things that I think are especially important to residential utility customers. The additional 10 percent adder for low-income eligible customers for purposes of the benefit-cost analysis, on top of the portfoliowide 10 percent adder for non-energy impacts, is good public policy, and we support it unreservedly and enthusiastically.

And the fact that the regulated utilities have agreed that they will not object

to an investigation related to street lights is an important provision of this Settlement

Agreement. To varying degrees, the current street lighting tariffs don't work. They retard and prevent, rather than promote and encourage, the deployment of LED street lights that are subject to automated controls. That is good stuff.

There are two upcoming electric rate cases where those issues will come up. And we will work with other stakeholders to seek an investigation so that every municipal in this state has a reasonable opportunity to deploy advanced street lighting. That's not just good for taxpayers, it's good for residential customers, because they are the taxpayers.

2019 is going to be a breakthrough year for energy efficiency in New Hampshire. I look forward to seeing us advance in the ACEEE rankings, from our current number 21, a dismal last in the Northeast, unless you consider Delaware, which is below the Mason-Dixon line, to be part of the Northeast.

So, I strongly urge the Commission to

approve the pending Settlement Agreement as consistent with the public interest.

And the last thing I want to do is thank our witness, Mr. Loiter, who has been deeply involved in the Energy Efficiency
Resource Standard, all the way from its initiation back in 2017. He used to work for the organization formerly known as the "Sustainable Energy Association". He was then traded to the OCA in exchange Craig Kimbrel, and he's been working for us ever since. And he's done a terrific job. He is moving on to new and exciting opportunities in his career. And so, we won't be seeing him in the current guise anymore, and I would just like to thank him.

And I think that's all I have to say.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you, Mr.

Kreis, and thank you, Mr. Buckley. Mr. Dexter.

MR. DEXTER: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. The Staff likewise recommends approval of the Settlement presented before you today. As our witnesses have stated, the programs that will be implemented pursuant to the Settlement

comply with the goals of the EERS standard that 1 was established in DE 15-137. They're 2 cost-effective. The resulting rates are just 3 4 and reasonable. 5 We, in addition -- in addition to the 6 Settlement containing programs that we support, 7 we note that the Settlement simplifies the process for the next update, the 2020 Plan 8 9 Update, as well as provides guidance and 10 framework for the next triennium, and, like the 11 first triennium, allows for significant 12 stakeholder input. 13 So, for those reasons, we recommend 14 approval of the Settlement. Thank you. 15 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you, Mr. 16 Dexter. How are the utilities going to do 17 this? All four going to speak? MR. FOSSUM: I don't know that we've 18 19 worked that out. 20 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Fossum, why 21 don't you go first. We'll see if the others 22 have anything they want to add.

{DE 17-136} {12-17-18}

not have just a whole lot to say, at least

MR. FOSSUM: Well, all right. I do

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nothing more helpful or confidently said than what Ms. Peters has testified to today.

Eversource, for its part, fully supports the Settlement Agreement. And we recognize it as a fair and appropriate product of extensive negotiation and compromise.

There's a lot of work that went into this agreement, and a lot of work that results from it. But that is achievable work and worthwhile work. And we believe we're up to the task.

I don't know that I need to spend time highlighting any of the particulars. So, I'll just zero in on a few.

As a number of folks have noted, the active demand response demonstration that we're preparing to do will be something new and interesting, and hopefully informative. And we look forward to preparing and readying that filing for the Commission as early as we can in 2019, so that we can start to see the benefits of that as early as possible.

The working groups that have been previously established, and for those which continue and for those which have expanded, see

them as at times more work than may be desired, given their overlapping schedules, but ultimately a place for fruitful discussion.

We also appreciate the streamlining of the 2020 Update Plan, as at about the same time we'll be preparing the larger and more comprehensive next 3-Year Plan, a plan that we're excited to work on and believe will be very helpful to the state and to our customers.

been put before you today, we believe they are just and reasonable rates, and that they should be approved. As a somewhat utilitarian request, to accommodate some of the needs of our billing systems, I would ask that, even if an order cannot be issued by December 28th, I would ask that the Commission make some provision for the rates as of that date, to allow time for us to adjust our billing systems appropriately for January 1st implementation.

With that said, Eversource supports the Settlement and believes it should be approved. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you,

1	Mr. Fossum. Mr. Taylor.
2	MR. TAYLOR: Thank you,
3	Commissioners. I concur with the sentiments
4	expressed by Mr. Fossum. Unitil also supports
5	the Settlement before the Commission today.
6	So, I'm not going to try to add to
7	Mr. Fossum's closing. Except to say that we
8	appreciate the efforts of all the parties in
9	this case to reach a settlement. And we
10	appreciate the Commission's time this
11	afternoon.
12	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you,
13	Mr. Taylor. Mr. Sheehan.
14	MR. SHEEHAN: Thank you. I have
15	nothing further to add either. And would
16	simply state to express Liberty-Gas and
17	Liberty-Electric's full support of the
18	Settlement Agreement, and we request your
19	approval.
20	Thank you.
21	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you,
22	Mr. Sheehan. Mr. Dean.
23	MR. DEAN: The Co-op supports the
24	Settlement. And I have nothing more to add.

{DE 17-136} {12-17-18}

1	Thank you.
2	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
3	Thank you all. As a number of people have
4	said, it is obvious that a ton of work went
5	into this throughout the process. We
6	appreciate very much all the work that went
7	into it and the work that was done today,
8	including the things that had to be done
9	on-the-fly without preparation.
10	So, if there's nothing else, we will
11	close the record, adjourn, take the matter
12	under advisement, issue an order as quickly as
13	we can, understanding your request, Mr. Fossum,
14	regarding the rates.
15	MR. FOSSUM: Thank you.
16	(Whereupon the hearing was
17	adjourned at 2:18 p.m.)
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